Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & ALLISON, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & ALLISON, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1.50

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
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PROSPECTUS

OF THE

ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

For 1858.

THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED!

The Cheapest Paper in the County!

With the present number, the *Tribune* has entered upon its third volume. Commenced at a time when the confidence of the citizens of Altoona in newspapers and newspaper publishers was considerably shaken, if not totally annihilated, it has slowly but surely restored that confidence, and now stands upon a sure foundation, and is universally acknowledged to be one of the first institutions of our town. But this result has not been achieved without a hard struggle, and considerable expenditure of time and means on the part of its editors. The steady increase of patronage, however, has afforded indubitable evidence that their labors have been appreciated.

In entering upon the new volume it is almost unnecessary to say that the *Tribune* will continue to be "INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING," being biassed neither by fear, favor nor affection, in favor of parties or sects. In this respect it is only necessary to say that the past affords a fair index as to our future course.

It has always been our aim to make the *Tribune*, a reliable first-class LOCAL PAPER, as we believe that in that character alone, country papers can successfully compete with their flashy city neighbors. To this end we have secured correspondents in various parts of the county, who furnish us with all the items of local interest in their vicinity. We purpose adding others to our list as soon as we can obtain them. During the next year we shall redouble our efforts to make the *Tribune* a perfect compendium of HOME NEWS—A RELIABLE, FIRST CLASS LOCAL PAPER, second to none in the country, and as such a welcome weekly visitor to our patrons, whether at home or abroad.

But while the Local Department shall be our special care, we shall also devote a considerable space to LITERARY MATTER, FUN AND HUMOR, and the chronicling of events of general interest to our readers. We purpose also publishing from time to time "Original Sketches of Men and Things" which will be furnished by our contributors. We have made arrangements also to have a weekly letter from Philadelphia, and judging from the reputation our correspondent sustains as a popular writer, these letters will be a rich treat to our readers.

As we are decidedly journalists of the progressive school, we have concluded to adopt the cash system in our business. The neglect of quite a number of our patrons to pay up promptly, and the rascality of others, has compelled us to adopt this course. Time and experience has fully proved to our satisfaction that the credit system will not work with newspaper publishers. From this date no paper will be sent from this office, unless paid for in advance, and at the expiration of the time paid for, if not renewed, will be promptly stopped. This arrangement does no injustice to our patrons, while it will protect us from the impositions of soulless scoundrels, and enable us to devote more attention to our paper.

Recognizing the principle that contracts to be satisfactory should be fraught with mutual benefit to both parties, and as money in large amounts, *in advance*, is of more value to us than when received in driblets, as an inducement to numbers who would otherwise discontinue, as well as to those who have never yet taken the paper, we offer it at the following low rates for the coming year:

1 copy, one year		$1 50
10 copies "	($1.25 per copy)	12 50
20 " "	($1.00 per copy)	20 00

and all above 20 at the same rate—$1 per copy.

The money must, *in all cases*, accompany the order.

By the above it will be seen that our paper is emphatically the cheapest in the county.—As to its merits we leave in to the public to decide. We can neatly request our friends throughout the county to "give us a lift," as we have no doubt each of them can readily obtain a club in their neighborhood.

CANVASSERS WANTED.—Several energetic business men wanted to canvass the county for subscribers to the *Tribune*. A liberal per cent. will be given.

Select Story.

From the N. Y. Sunday Times.

THE DESPERADO'S LAST LAUGH.

BY CHARLES SUMMERFIELD.

Hero worship is an instinct of the human heart. In all ages and nations, and with every class of the species, it bravely commands the key which opens the door to the temple of fame, and, with its fierce hand, writes the passport to universal popularity. Prowess is the master-word of all history, and has the force of a magical incantation to move the mind or inflame the feelings of both old and young. It is the envy of the one sex, and the admiration of the other. It inspires poetry, eloquence and art, and forms the life-breath and being of the political world.

Some philosophers endeavor to degrade this glorious attribute by the contemptuous epithet of "mere brute bravery," as if the unreflecting ferocity of the wild beast could be compared with the conscious courage of intelligent man. The lion and tiger, in their most bloody battles, have at most but a dim perception of the consequences to result from their encounters. and, therefore, their fury flows from animal impulse, without fear only because without the sense of individual peril.—But what we admire in the rational hero is, the danger, and yet defiant of death, though marshalled face to face with that almighty foe; for in this case the prowess must be in a great degree mental and voluntary, rather than physical—a pure manifestation of the will far more than the effect of organization.

Nevertheless, there are strange mysteries and caprices connected with the subject, as there are many varieties of human courage. Some heroes, that can confront the most awful perils of a peculiar character, shrink like the veriest cowards from others of a different and often less frightful description. The bold orator, whose unrivalled thunders and fearless manner literally appalled the fierce democracy of Athens, fled ignominiously from the field of Chæronea; and the world's highest hero who rushed through the horror of fierce hail that swept the blood stained bridge of Lodi, and gazed with a fearless eye on the carnage of a hundred battles, yet turned pale and trembled before the Council of the Five Hundred.

Among the desperadoes and duelists of the south and west, I have never known one who had not his "cowardly days"—seasons when he would use every dishonorable means to avoid the very personal difficulties which at other times furnished his chief amusement and delight. Some men are heroes only when intoxicated.—Others borrow all their bravery from the passion of love and revenge. Many fight well in the ranks of an army, yet fly in terror from an individual foe; while some display the most reckless daring in all single combats, but run away at the first fire of a platoon!

The most remarkable peculiarity and inconsistency of desperation may be found among the Mexican braves of the Rio Grande, who evince the utmost fear at the sight of pistols, especially revolvers, but shrink not from the most terrible combat with bowie knives; indeed, they never refuse the challenge of even an American, provided they can have the choice of these their favorite weapons. As it may naturally be supposed, they become wonderfully expert in the use of their deadly implements. I have frequently seen them stand, and, without terror or token of affright, hew each other in pieces, until one or both of the adversaries sunk down dead or exhausted.

But woe to the unfortunate enemy who did not possess their marvelous dexterity with the naked dagger! The first blow one mortal Mexican stab, always, in such cases, terminated the struggle by piercing the combatant's heart.

Among the most notorious duellists in this savage species of conflict, Pedro Palacios, of Brownsville, was altogether pre-eminent. He boasted, and doubtless with entire truth, of having slain a score of men on the Rio Grande, besides unknown numbers in other parts of Mexico. He followed the profession of a gambler, and therefore, wandered from the mouth of the river to Laredo, and in every neighborhood might be seen the graves of his victims, until his name became the terror of the whole frontier.

It may seem strange to persons unfamiliar with the country, that he was not doomed to legal punishment for his deeds, but the singular fact admits of easy explanation. For two or three years after the war the courts were not organized, and, besides, he perpetrated all his various homicides in fair fight, and according to the forms recognized by the code of honor; and, moreover, when prosecutions assailed him, he obtained security in the character of the jurors called to try the issue.

It must not be imagined, however, that his countless quarrels originated at the gaming-table, or grew out of the questions relating to his fairness in dealing cards; the cause was both more romantic and revolting. His wife Juana, one of the most fascinating women ever born in Mexico, accompanied him as a partner, and bewildered the adverse players as much by her extraordinary beauty as the husband did by his skill; while on every occasion, and wherever she went, her charms inspired the beholders with a sort of frenzied passion that, in spite of reason, prudence and peril, brought adventurous lovers to her feet.

But Pedro Palacios was jealous even to madness, and the slightest attentions to his bewitching siren aroused his murderous wrath and vengeance, and he never failed to throw the *onus* of the challenge on his enemy, or to provoke the first assault, when one blow of his bowie knife usually settled the controversy, and silenced the wooing of his rival forever!

In the month of September, in 1852, the District Court was inaugurated in the town of Laredo, and a grand "fandango" was given on the first night in honor of the new judge, and to the boundless delight of the lawyers in attendance. The multitude assembled in the public square, and full moon, in cloudless splendor, rendered the air so luminous as to require no lamps or torches. The entire Mexican population turned out, besides the members of the bar, and all the young officers of the army from the neighboring fort.

A scene of greater gaiety or animation could not well be pictured, as the merry dancers floated like faries in the moonlight, and every face seemed radiant with smiles of love and happiness. But all did not enjoy themselves thus innocently. Near one corner of the old stone church, which occupied the centre of the square, gathered a large circle of both sexes around that altar of Mexican worship—the monte table.

Juana Palacios was dealer of the cards, while her husband raked down the money won, or paid the lost bets. And never did a stronger contrast present itself than that which stood revealed in the appearance of the couple just mentioned. He was a man of Herculean mould, with dark, frowning, ferocious features, mostly concealed by coarse masses of black hair and a long, bushy beard; indeed, little of his visage could be seen, save a pair of sinister flashing eyes, and a nose resembling the beak of a hawk. His clothes were costly, and adorned with glittering jewels, while the silver handle of his enormous knife shone conspicuous above the snowy ruffles of his shirt bosom.

The wife was a fair, slender woman, of exquisite shape—every limb and feature being alike full of grace—with shining ringlets, black as the raven's hue, a face beamy and beautiful as a star, and eyes so large, dark, dreamy, and overflowing with fire, that they seemed every moment melting with the warmest emotions of unutterable love. And this look of tenderest passion constituted the magic of her power—the indefinable and resistless charm which enchained the gazer's heart, and fettered every thought to the footstool of the mighty enchantress.

Several officers wearing the uniform of the United States, and a young attorney, esteemed the most handsome man in Texas, one Elbert Wallace, approached the monte table, and uttered simultaneous exclamations of surprise when they beheld the lovely vision presiding as dealer at the game.

"How beautiful!" cried Captain Brewton.

"She is an angel!" added Lieutenant Tucker.

The black whiskers of the jealous husband curled with ire, like those of an infuriated tiger, and such a terrible gleam shot from his diabolical dark eyes, that a dozen of the spectators grew pale with fright, and several retreated from the circle in anticipation of an immediate explosion.

But the young lawyer, Elbert Wallace, who was himself of a most fierce and irascible disposition, and who felt insulted by the scornful glances of the gambler, precipitated the catastrophe by an act of reckless audacity. Taking two steps forward, he thrust his fingers playfully into the shower of raven ringlets, and, addressing the beautiful Juana in tender tones, he said:—

"Pretty one, come, leave that ugly hegreaser, and go home with me to Brownsville. I will make you mistress of a fine mansion, and that will be better than following such a monkey-like vagabond as the wretch beside you!"

She smiled and blushed a look of nameless fascination, and he was on the point of urging his request in perhaps warmer and wilder words, when the impetuous husband snatched up a handful of silver from the table, and dashed it in his face with such fury as to bring blood both from his lips and nose, crying out at the same time:—

"There, take that as an insult from the ugly greaser, and fight about it if you dare!"

Wallace returned the blow and the men clinched; but the struggle, though desperate, proved very brief, for the attorney seemed powerless as an infant in the Herculean hands of Palacios. The foes were soon separated, yet far from being satisfied. The lawyer considered himself forever disgraced by the humiliation of his defeat, and shouted in accents of thunder:—

"Dog of a Mexican, I defy you to mortal combat! One of us two shall never quit this ground alive!"

"Do you challenge me?" inquired the gambler, in tones of savage triumph.

"Yes, yes!" replied Wallace, in a wild phrenzy of ungovernable passion.

"I accept," answered the other, with ferocious joy. "I choose bowie knives, and will settle the affair as soon as you like!"

"Let it be now, then—this instant!" cried Wallace.

"Oh, no, my friend," remonstrated Capt. Brewton. "Surely you will not meet a Mexican gambler, and half negro at that, on equal terms?"

"What else can I do?" demanded the lawyer, fiercely "No gentleman would advise me to endure such shame!"

"Take a pistol, and shoot the rascal down like a wolf!" said Lieutenant Tucker.

"Yes; that is the way to serve him!" echoed twenty tongues together.

"Never!" exclaimed the high-souled attorney; "never will I slay a human being, whatever may be the provocation, without giving him a fair chance for his life. I would die myself a thousand times rather than murder the meanest wretch in Mexico!"

In vain the judge and all the members of the bar essayed to shake the young man's iron resolution. The preliminaries were speedily arranged, and the two mortal antagonists assumed their stations at the distance of ten feet apart, waiting for the word to rush upon each other with uplifted knives, or advance slowly, as pleased them best.

The countenance of each presented a very different appearance. The fair features and vivid blue eyes of Wallace evinced calm, collected, chivalrous bravery—the ideal of honor and lofty heroism, without a touch of malice or token of revenge. But the bearded visage of Palacios, with those fiendish, sinister eyes, so cruel and gleaming, and those thin sneering lips writhing in a murderous smile, looked absolutely infernal in its lurid rage and unutterable hatred; while the naked knife of each glittered in the clear moonbeams like a blade of burnished silver, as a thousand spectators stood around in a great circle to witness the horrible strife.

At last, Capt. Brewton as the friend of Wallace, gave the signal; and the young lawyer leaped like a lion towards his foe, and aimed, an awful blow at his bosom, which the other as rapidly parried, and returned with a thrust like lightning. It was the true Mexican stab—one, only one, that needed not repetition—for it penetrated the heart of the attorney, who fell upon the earth, and expired without a groan.

Then Palacios held up the reeking knife in the moonlight, and uttered a loud laugh, so wild, fearful, and unearthly, that it sounded more like the battle-cry of a devil than any intonations of mere human organs! But it proved to be his last laugh, for at the moment the pistol of a Texan ranger roared on the night air, and the Mexican dropped down on the corpse of his enemy, with a blue bullethole through the centre of his forehead. And such nearly always is the end of the desperado!

Operations in Wall Street.

"The operations in Wall street," or the scenes about the Stock Market in New York, furnish a theme for a funny article in the New York *Herald*, of Tuesday, of which we give the following sample paragraph:

"The Olympic game, so intimately connected with the rise of Grecian power and influence, are destined to immortality.—The game of poker on the consecrated soil of Arkansas and Mississippi, has achieved a prominence equally classic, and is to the intellectual vigor of the Southwest what the Olympic games were to the manhood of Greece. Whether practised across a whisky barrel over a "picayune anty," with the chance of "doubling the pot," with the suggestive bottle and revivifying contents on one side, and a tallow candle on the other, under the shade of a cotton wood on the grass, in the apartments of the hotel, or in the cabin of the steamer during the small hours of night, where the "pot" sometimes runs up to hundreds before the call, poker is the pride of every class—planter, merchant, raftman, deck hand and darkey. He who in the future seeks to perpetuate the memories of the glories of the sunny land discovered by De Soto, will collate the many traditions and tales connected with the game of poker, and with these as the basis of his literary labors, and with a julep at his side to set the wheels of inspiration in motion, he will depict his subject in all its poetic grandeur."

To this follows a showing up of the operations in stock gambling, compared to which "poker" and "faro bank" gambling are declared to be but a bagatelle, and on the whole we guess the *Herald* is right, in this instance.

☞ A young man without money among the young ladies, is like the moon, on a cloudy night—he can't shine.

The Slave Trade Re-opened.

We have already mentioned editorially a concerted measure for "whipping the Devil around the stump," and importing African slaves in guise of apprentices, by some of the southern States. A telegram to the New York papers, dated February 26, says:

An editorial article in the *Delta* of today asserts that the South has already opened the African slave trade, and that a regular depot has been established on Pearl river, in Mississippi, where cargoes have been received, and the negroes sold and put to work. The *Delta* says the vessels engaged in the trade generally use the French flag, because the British cruisers on the African coast will not trouble it.

Pearl river is a large stream which debouches into the Gulf of Mexico, and unless prevented by U. S. cruisers, as good and easy an apportunity is there afforded for debarking slaves as at Cuba.

We scarce know what to think of this announcement. It may be a *canard* of the most pro-di-gi-ous sort, but if it be true, then it amounts to a declaration as important as it is startling. It is not for a moment to be supposed that the United States Government will quietly sit by and see their most sacred laws openly and shamelessly violated through any such miserable subterfuges and transparent sophistries as have been concocted among plotting slave States.

These traitors and flesh-traffickers may dress up and disguise their measures as they please, and call them by what names they please, but it will all scarcely deceive any others than they who are immediately interested in the movement. Strip this dark and horrid plot of all nonsense and tomfoolery, and it remains nothing else than the African Slave Trade, revamped and revived with all its horrors, in the nineteenth century, too, and on American soil, which, if we be not mistaken, poets call the "land of the free and home of the brave."

Should the Southern States attempt to legalise the introduction of slaves, or evade the United States laws by any such ridiculous stuff as importing them under the name of apprentices, it requires but little skill in divination to presage a very short tether and less grace allowed them. Kansas, in the event of any disturbance therefrom, would have to "pale its ineffectual fires."

High Price for Indians.

William Bowlegs, Esq., head man of the two hundred Indians, negroes, half-breeds, mulattoes, &c., in Florida, yclept Seminoles, has, for a term of years, been one of the leading heroes in the war-like annals of the United States. Snugly escoeed in the fastnesses of the everglades, William has been vainly sought by martial bands of dragoons, mounted riflemen, and the like, at the rate of we know not how many hundreds of thousands of dollars per annum to the National Treasury. All sorts of schemes have been tried to catch him, and as none have succeeded, an attempt is now in operation to bribe him and his followers to go to the West. It will scarcely be credited, yet a Florida paper soberly tells us the fact, that the Government now has an agent in Florida, authorized to offer Bowlegs and crew ten thousand dollars in cash, at once, if they will only go to the Seminole tract, west of Arkansas, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars immediately on their arrival there, twenty-five thousand dollars per annum forever after, and land to be given for cultivation, with farmers, blacksmiths, ect., to do their work, under pretext of teaching them civilization. Under such circumstances, there are a great many white folks who would like to be Seminoles, as the offer secures a handsome future to every man, woman and child of the whole two hundred. If Billy scorns that bribe, it will be a question which predominates in his composition, the patriot or the fool.

☞ "Pray, tell me my dear, what is the cause of those tears?"

"Oh! such a disgrace! I have opened one of your letters, supposing it to be one addressed to myself. Certainly it looked more like Mrs. than Mr."

"Is that all? No great harm is done."

"But the contents—such a disgrace."

"What! has any one dared to write me a letter unfit for my wife to read?"

"Oh, no! It is couched in the most chaste language. But the disgrace!"

The husband eagerly took up the letter, and commenced reading the epistle that had been the means of breaking his wife's heart. Reader, you couldn't guess the cause in a coon's age. It was no other than a bill from the printer for nine year's subscription.

☞ Sharp—The chap who suggests that there is reason to believe that one of the descendants of Aaron, the High Priest, was a native of Ohio. See Ezra VII, 4, which reads, "The son of Zerahiah, the son of Uzzi, the son of (a) *Bukki*."

☞ One of the toasts drank at a recent celebration was, "Woman! she requires no eulogy—*she speaks for herself.*"

Mexico.

The accounts hitherto given of the state of affairs in Mexico since the flight of Comonfort have been by no means favorable to the Liberal party. The leaders of that party have been represented as divided among themselves, and rather engaged each in strengthening, or attempting to strengthen, his own position than in combining to resist the reactionary Government established in Mexico. They have also been represented as numerically inferior in military forces to the reactionary Government, and as likely to submit so soon as they could secure terms. We publish elsewhere a letter from Vera Cruz, received by the last arrival, and in the correctness of the statements contained in which we have every reason to place confidence. That letter puts quite a different aspect upon the state of Mexican affairs. According to it, the united forces of the Liberals under Parodi were far superior in numbers to those which Zuloaga had been able to send against them, and the writer believed that a battle must already, before the date of his letter, have established their ascendancy. In the State of Vera Cruz itself there was, besides garrisons, a disposable Liberal force of three thousand men with eighteen pieces of artillery. If this writer's anticipations can be relied upon, the next mail may be expected to bring important information. From the fact that all the sea ports and almost the entire interior were held by the Liberals, Zuloaga seems to have been under the necessity of assuming the offensive, since by success in that alone could he obtain the means of supporting his army and carrying on his Government. From the great unanimity with which all the Mexican States denounced the attempted *coup d' etat* of Comonfort and the zeal exhibited by them in favor of the Constitution, we have still great hope that the Liberal party may come triumphantly out of the present struggle. Should they do so, they will occupy stronger ground than ever before, and the project of secularizing the church estates will receive a new impulse.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Wanted.

A plate of butter from the cream of a "joke."

A small quantity of tar supposed to have been left where the Israelites pitched their tents.

The original brush used in painting the "signs of the times."

A bucket of water from "All's well."

Soap with which a man was washed overboard.

The strap which is used to sharpen the water's edge.

The pencil with which Britannia rules the wave.

A portion of the yeast used in raising the wind.

A dime from the moon when she gave change for the last quarter.

The saucer that belonged to the cup of sorrow.

A fence made of the railing of a scolding wife.

The chair in which the sun sets.

The hammer which broke up the meeting.

A buckle to fasten the laughing stock.

Eggs from a nest of thieves.

Hinges and lock from the trunk of an elephant.

A sketch from a politician's views.

☞ The Legislature of Kansas recently appointed an officer to take the census of Oxford precinct. The result of his labor is reported, and it shows that Kansas precinct contains THIRTY-THREE legal voters, all told, and seventeen of them are Free State in politics. The Lecompton Constitution was reported as receiving 1300 votes at Oxford. A few more such exposures will show a vote so small for "Lecompton" that its warmest friends will blush to say it expresses the legal will of Kansas.—*Logan. Pharos.*

TO CLEAN PAINT.—Never use a cloth, but take off the dust with a long-haired brush, after blowing off the loose parts with the bellows. With care, paint will look well for a long time. When soiled, dip a sponge or a piece of flannel into soda and water, wash it off quickly, and dry immediately, or the strength of the soda will eat off the color.

THE AGE OF MIRACLES.—The New York papers state that several remarkable conversions to religion have taken place in that city among the "shoulder hitters" and other "hard cases," but in Philadelphia a still greater conversion is reported, for an old "note-shaver" is said to have turned "philanthropist!"

VERILY.—'Why, Siah, I'm astonished,' said a very worthy deacon to an inebriate he met on the street; 'didn't we take you into our church a short time since?'

"I believe so," hiccupped Siah, "and between you and me, it was the darndest 'take in' you ever saw or heard of."

☞ Beautiful—The weather.

The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of such rates.

The Proof.

The *precocious* "pedagogue" who, it seems, is *now* "chief cook and bottle washer" in the Standard scullery, tries hard to get up a dish that honest men can stomach, out of the miserably worthless and decayed ingredients at his disposal. To this end, on yesterday week, he treated the public to a regular hodge-podge, the principal ingredients of which were foul-mouthed abuse, of, and falsification in regard to us, interlarded with Shakespearian extracts, designed as a sort of gravy to render the vile compound palatable. But all his skill and ability are in vain. The mere sight, not to speak of the smell, demonstrates the absolute rottenness of the materials he employs.

But to drop the metaphor, the article is as contemptible as its author, and as pointless as his wit. The only point he endeavors to make is so weak that it hardly deserves a reply. But as he belongs to that peculiar class of animals who cannot appreciate the commiseration of an adversary, we are compelled, in disregard of our pity and inclination, to expose its weakness.

In a former article he vauntingly said, that neither Walker nor Douglas ever *called* the President an "idiot" or "lunatic." We agreed with him, merely adding, that they, however, proved him such. In his last article he demands the proof, or an admission that we "lied." A very modest request, indeed.

Now, without intending any disparagement of the ~~superior acumen~~ and *sagacity* of this "knight of the birch," we must say that we are astonished that one who *professes to teach*, should prefer such a demand. It manifests either ignorance or duplicity. If he has never read Walker's letter of resignation and Douglas's speeches, he displays his ignorance; if he has, he displays his duplicity. As our space will not permit the publication of these documents, we must content ourselves by simply referring him to them as the proof of our assertion. If after a careful and unprejudiced perusal of these documents, he does not conscientiously acknowledge that our assertion is correct, we'll enlighten his darkened understanding. Till then we drop the subject.

Post Office Deficit.

Some two or three weeks ago in noticing the change in Post Office affairs, proposed in Congress by Mr. Spinner, of New York, we briefly gave our reasons for desiring a re-organization, if not the total abolishment of the Post Office Department. One of them was that it would not pay expenses. At the time, we had as yet seen no statement of its affairs for the last year. Since then, however, we have, and must say that it affords us much stronger proof in support of our position than we had expected. The following is the statement of the receipts and expenditures for postal service in the several States, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, furnished by the Post Office Department, on demand of the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, from which it appears that the expenses exceeded the receipts in *all* the slave States, and in all of the free, except Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, and Pennsylvania, together with the District of Columbia and the Territory of Washington. The receipts in these exceeded the expenses as follows:

Massachusetts	$178,650 23
Rhode Island	23,097 26
Connecticut	27,776 19
New York	438,583 75
Pennsylvania	27,650 61
Dirtrict of Columbia	6,076 96
Washington Territory	947 67

The slave States, as usual at all periods, fall far behind hand, and the people of the free States, as hitherto, must pay for the postage of the chivalry. The whole deficiency in the receipts—or, in other words, the excess of the gross expenses over the gross receipts—is shown to be $2,814,574-41; which is divided among the several sections of the country as follows;—

Deficit in free States	$ 195,714 47
Deficit in slave States	2,439,383 19
Deficit in Territories	179,476 75
Total deficiency	$2,814,574 41

What stronger proof is necessary to substantiate the fact that the Post Office Department does not pay, than this deficit of nearly three Millions.

The Lecompton Swindle.

On Tuesday last the Lecompton Swindle passed the United States Senate by a vote of 33 to 25. Before its passage, however. Senator Green moved three amendments to the original bill, as follows: 1st, To strike out the preamble and insert the following:—Whereas, the Territory of Kansas, did by a Convention of Delegates called and assembled at Lecompton, on the 9th of September, 1857, to form for themselves a Constitution and State Government, which said Convention, having asked the admission of the Territory into the Union as a State, on equal footing with the original States, &c. Carried. 2d, To amend the second section by inserting and adding the following clause: That nothing in this act shall be construed to abridge or infringe on any right of the people asserted in the Kansas Constitution, at all times to alter, reform or abolish their form of government in such manner as they may think proper, Congress hereby disclaiming any authority to intervene or declare the construction of the Constitution of any State except to see that it is Republican in form, and not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States. The amendment was agreed to—yeas 31, nays 23. 3d, A verbal amendment in the eleventh line of the second section of the bill; to cancel the word "of" in the sentence in the ordinance of the said Constitution, and substitute therefor the words annexed to make it read in the ordinance annexed to said Constitution. Carried.

Mr. Pugh withdrew his amendment of March 2d to the amendment of Mr. Green, and substituted another, that the laws not inapplicable, be extended into the State of Kansas; that a judicial district be formed, and that a judge, district attorney and United States Marshal be appointed and paid as in Iowa. The amendment was agreed to—yeas 37, nays 19.

Mr. Crittenden moved a substitute for the bill in substance, that the Constitution framed by the Lecompton Convention, be submitted to the people now; that if it be approved, the President shall admit Kansas by proclamation; if it be rejected, that the people of the Territory shall call a convention to frame a new substitute.—The substitute makes a special provision against the occurrence of frauds.

Several Senators here took occasion to explain their votes.

Mr. Kennedy, of Md., as a conservative middle man, would support Mr. Crittenden's substitute, reserving the right afterwards to vote for the original bill in obedience to the resolutions passed by the Legislature of his State.

Mr. Pugh, of Ohio, reluctantly voted against the bill, for the same reason.

Mr. Iverson, of Ga., defined his position.

Mr. Green accepted the suggestion of another verbal alteration.

Mr. Crittenden's substitute was then put and lost. Yeas 24, nays 34.

The bill, as amended, to admit Kansas into the Union with the Lecompton Constitution, was then put and passed. Yeas 33, nays 25.

Thus has the most flagrant swindle upon the rights of the majority ever concocted been forced through the Senate, in defiance of law, justice or even common respect for popular feeling. It has yet, however, to pass the House, and it remains to be seen whether there are enough of northern doughfaces there, ready and willing to sacrifice honor and reputation, at the beck of an administration, devoted soul and body to the South. We trust for the honor of our country that there are not.

An Important Decision

According to the *Baltimore Sun* a Mr. Harris, in November last, presented two $5 bills of the Bank of Commerce at their counter, and demanded specie for them.—They refused to pay it, and the notes were duly protested, and suit being instituted before Justice Mearis to recover, he gave judgment against the Bank in both cases. The Bank appealed to the Court of Common Pleas, and the case was tried before a jury on Saturday. The Bank urged that they were not legally bound to pay the protest ($2 on each note,) but the jury rendered a verdict for appellee in both cases, thus affirming the judgments given by the magistrate. Counsel for the appellants filed motions in arrest of judgment, which remain to be disposed of. The case possesses considerable interest, for if it be established that a bank is liable to the expenses of a protest and costs of a suit on every note issued, for which they refuse to pay specie, no bank could afford to remain suspended any length of time.

THE "CAMBRIA TRIBUNE."—This spirited little paper made its appearance on Saturday last in a new "rig," and with "a new hand at the bellows." Col. Swank is now associated with Col. Bowman in its publication. A strong team. Success to it.

The Utah Expedition.

The War Department at Washington has received a letter from Col. Johnson, in command of the Utah Expedition, which is of such a character that it is deemed advisable not to permit a copy of it to be published, although it is said, that nothing of special interest has transpired since the last advices. From all we can learn unofficially, the Col. is in a pretty tight place, or will be before long, hence the anxiety he manifests that reinforcements and supplies should be immediately sent to him. The following is the latest unofficial news from that quarter, up to the hour of our going to press:

ST. LOUIS, March 23.—The Leavenworth *Times*, of the 9th, says: "Yesterday morning two companies of infantry and two of cavalry left the Fort for Utah, numbering about three hundred and thirty men. They design overtaking Colonel Hoffman, and to escort the supply train for Colonel Johnson's army, from Laramie.—This train consists of one hundred and sixty heavily ladened wagons."

The *Republican* publishes extracts from a private letter from Colonel Johnson to a friend in this city, dated February 5th, which says that he has received no communication from the Government since the 22d of October. He complains that the contractors take more than three months to carry the mails to Utah, when the contract says the service shall be done in two months.

Col. Johnson describes the march to Camp Scott, and compliments the troops. He says that the Mormons have fully, as words and actions can manifest intentions, that they will no longer submit to any government but their own. And that the people of the Union must submit to the usurpation of their Territory, and have a government erected in their midst, acknowledging no dependence upon or allegiance to Federal authority, or act with vigor and force to compel them to succumb, and expresses an earnest hope that every exertion will be made to forward supplies early in the spring, under a sufficient guard of mounted men.

ADJOURNED.—Both Houses of the Legislature have concluded to finally adjourn on the 22d of April. Some of the most important business of the session yet remains to be disposed of.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Increasing—The travel and freight on the Pa. R.R.

☞ Disappeared—The snow on the Mountains.

☞ Growing Longer—The days and our "Black List."

☞ Should be started—Ball playing. Nothing like exercise.

☞ Beautiful—The weather. It makes everything look springy.

☞ Almost here—The season for catching "Speckled beauties."

☞ A Desirable Improvement—Planking Main street.

☞ The Momentous Question—Who broke our window?

☞ Louder than agreeable—The serenade on Tuesday evening.

☞ What key will finally open all doors of civilization to all mankind? Answer—*Van*-kee.

☞ Coming—"All Fool's Day," when those who have to "move" won't have their sorrows to seek.

☞ Will soon be fixed—Our pike tackle, when it is, we intend to astonish "old leather-stocking."

☞ What has become of the Easton *Daily Express*. We haven't seen a copy of it for a "coon's age." What's wrong.

☞ Picture of despair—a pig reaching thro' a hole in the fence to get a cabbage that is only a few inches beyond his reach.

☞ Sailors, who have followed the sea for years, say that they can tell when they are in the vicinity of Long Island—by the sound.

☞ Fourteen members of the Iowa House of Representatives are natives of New York, nine are from Pennsylvania, and seventeen from Ohio.

☞ Contains—a late Dublin paper, the following advertisement: "To let; the upper part of a cellar, to a small family, rent low. P. S. Privilege on the sidewalk for a pig."

☞ Kept Going—Our two presses with job work. The fact is the public understand where to get work done neatly, cheaply and expeditiously.

☞ The McDonough estate has been finally divided. Baltimore will receive about $600,000 as soon as the proceeds of the sales can be realized.

☞ If you would have an idea of the ocean in a storm, just imagine ten thousand hills and four thousand mountains, all drunk, chasing one another over newly-plowed ground.

☞ Voted a gold medal—the Virginia Legislature, to the widow of the late Commander Herndon, of the ill-fated steamer Central America.

☞ Established a rule—a certain debating society, "that any gentleman wishing to speak more than half-an-hour, shall have a room to himself."

☞ Significant—The word "Debt" is composed of the initials "Dunn Every Body Twice." "Credit" is found of the initial letters of "Call Regularly Every Day; I'll Trust."

☞ Applied—a poor Irishman, for a license to sell liquor. On being questioned as to his moral fitness, he replied: "An' sure, it's not much of a character that a feller needs to sell rum."

☞ The Virginia *State Gazette* says a team passed their office lately, consisting of a horse with the heaves, a blind pony, a lame mule, and an ox without a tail. Verily, Virginia is the mother of teams as well as of States.

☞ We find the following rebus in an exchange:

From a river take a letter,
And a number will appear;
From this number take two letters,
And a woman will be here.
Pray tell what river this can be,
And thus unfold the mystery.

☞ "Orful" stuff—the liquor they sell in Buffalo. The *Advertiser* says, "The brandy is poison, the whiskey of that variety known as "hardware"—strychnine would improve it—and the gin is kept in *glass bottles* simply because *it would eat through the staves of a barrel in fifteen minutes.*"

The Three Mill Tax.

The repeal of this tax is now agitated in the Legislature. It has been argued *pro* and *con* time and again, and every fact and argument that could be adduced in reference thereto has been adduced, and it now only remains for the Legislature to act in the premises. Pending such action, it may not be amiss to publish the following article in favor of the repeal, published in the Harrisburg *Keystone* of yesterday:

For the Keystone.

MR. EDITOR: The repeal of the Tonnage Tax on the Pennsylvania and Harrisburg & Lancaster Railroads being a question now before our State Legislature, it is desirable that the subject—the operation and result of this tax—should be correctly understood in all its bearings.

Many object to its repeal under the belief that the repealing it would be a gratuity and benefit conferred on those railroad Companies—and so much of a loss, as its amount, to the people of the State.

This however is an entire mistake;—except so far as its repeal might enable them to get more *through* trade and travel, coming from *beyond* the limits of the State, than they now can, or do. Those companies under their respective charters have the power and right to charge higher rates than they now do. Their charges on such *through* business must and will, at all times, be regulated and determined by those of competing lines on the north and south of them. Consequently and inevitably, while those companies are controlled by persons, capable and disposed to take care of and protect their interests, the *whole* of this Tonnage Tax, while it exists, is, must, and will have to be paid by the people of the State; or in other words, by the *local* trade and travel within it, with *added charges* for the trouble and expense of ascertaining its amount, and to make sure of having enough. Not only this, but also—what may not have occurred to many affected by it—that since the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has purchased and own the Columbia Railroad as part of the Main Line, it is but natural that this company should—and it does, charge a *proportionate part* of this Tonnage Tax on and to the *local* trade and travel passing over the Columbia Railroad. So that the people of all the Counties through which the Columbia Railroad passes, and of all the counties of the State through which Railroads pass, connecting with it, directly or indirectly, from which trade and travel comes or is sent and which, in part, passes over the Columbia Railroad, as well as the Pennsylvania Railroad proper, in point of fact, pay a portion of the aggregate amount of this Tonnage Tax.

The *result* therefore of this tax, so far as regards the interests of the people of the State, being precisely similar to that of the policy of a man who gives one hundred dollars out of *one* pocket to be enabled to put ninety dollars into *another* pocket.

In the nature of things, while it exists, those who control those Roads, *where* they can, will—and it must be conceded they ought—make such charges as will indemnify them for this tax, and be a fair compensation for their capital, expense and risks. They *cannot* charge a proportion of this tax on the trade and travel coming *from without* the limits of the State, for the reason that *no such tax is charged* on the competing routes on the north and south, and their charges must be regulated by those of their rivals through other States; and it necessarily follows that they must, they will, and they do charge the *whole* of its aggregate amount on the *local* trade and travel within the State, with *something* added for the expense and trouble &c., consequent on its existence.

But it is said by some, that even if this tax was repealed, those companies would still continue to charge no less than they now do, or otherwise would, on the *local* trade and travel within the State. Such opinion, however, is directly contrary to the ordinary course of human action, and to some extent must be founded on latent prejudice. Those who control these roads will, in the first place, charge what they consider a fair compensation for their capital, expenses and risks, and *at least* the whole amount of this tax, if not something more.—And especially will they be likely to charge somewhat more, if they think the tax ought not to be imposed on them.

The question in regard to this tax ought not to be decided by any feeling of either friendship or hostility towards the companies paying it, but solely with reference to what is the true interest of the people of the State, and the trade and travel within it.

COMMON SENSE.

The Revival Movement.

We append a sketch of the progress of the revival movement in various portions of the country, as possessing, at present, more interest than anything else. The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says, "The history of these "pious awakenings" is somewhat singular. They appear to have characterized especial periods, varying from ten to twenty and thirty years—beginning at a certain point, spreading, or irradiating with almost unerring certainty, throughout the whole christian world. They have, as in this instance, often been known to immediately succeed terrible financial revulsions. Whatever tends to ameliorate the condition of humanity—to make it better than it otherwise would be, or to advance the great course of morality and intellectual progress, we most heartily approve. If, therefore, these religious revivals add, in any way, to the general sum of good, more than it could otherwise attain, all reasonable men, whether impulsively pious or not, must say amen to the movement."

THE JOHN STREET PRAYER MEETINGS, NEW YORK.

The John Street Methodist Church is attended daily by about 2,000 persons. Mr. Stuart, of Philadelphia, suggested that as similar prayer-meetings were multiplying all over the country, it might be well for the meetings in New York to establish a telegraphic communication with the most important of them, particularly with those in large cities.

A great degree of solemnity attends these meetings in the city, and many who "come to scoff remain to pray."

ON THE HUDSON.

At Peekskill, daily meetings are held in the Methodist church, commencing at 6 o'clock, A. M., and, it is said, that many members of a firemen's company have been converted. At Hudson, revivals are going on, and many have sought and found peace. Meetings are held every afternoon and evening, from 4 to 5 P. M.

ALBANY PRAYER MEETINGS.

A correspondent says:—I had the privilege of attending at the Ferry Street M. E. Church on Monday and Tuesday. Notwithstanding the meetings are held in the middle of the day, a large congregation assembled for prayer—merchants, clerks, mechanics and laborers, together with quite a number of ladies, were present.—On Tuesday the congregation was much larger than on Sunday, and the deepest feeling pervaded the entire assembly. The exercises were intensely interesting. There were aged parents present, who for many long years have been praying for the conversion of their wayward children. Their hearts were burdened with an anxiety that parents only know. Many of them arose and with streaming eyes requested the prayers of the congregation in their behalf.—Pious wives arose and tearfully besought prayers for their husbands. Children wept and wished those present to remember their unconverted parents. One had an aged sister, for whose salvation he felt the deepest solicitude, and wished her remembered. Sisters with deep feeling requested prayers for their wicked brothers. Nearly the whole congregation were in tears. Every heart was affected, and no doubt all were very much profited by the exercises of the day.

NEW YORK STATE.

Sixty-four persons were received on probation in the Methodist Church at West Eaton, Oneida Conference, and fifty persons at Jasper, Genesee Conference.

NEW JERSEY.

The Baptist church at West Hoboken, under the charge of Rev. C. A. Buckbee, is enjoying an increase of religious interest. Meetings are held every evening during the week.

There is also some interest in the Presbyterian Church in the place.

In Newark, at the Fifth Baptist church, thirty-eight have recently been baptised; at Orange, ten; North Orange, nineteen; Hoboken, fourteen.

There were some two hundred unions with the churches at Newark on Saturday. In Orange, Bloomfield, Belleville and other places in that vicinity, a great excitement has been created, and scores of persons are professing conversion.

The Presbyterian church at Sparta, the Methodist churches at Snufftown and Deckertown, and the Baptists at the latter place, are all holding special meetings. At Johnsonburg, Warren county, a revival has been some time in progress. Through Sussex and Warren counties, a great deal of interest is manifested on the subject, and probably the inhabitants of Northern Jersey will ere long largely participate in the prevailing spirit of inquiry.

CONNECTICUT.

AT HARTFORD.—The prayer meetings in the Pearl street church continue every afternoon, and are numerously attended. The body of the church has been opened for them. And yet, such is the throng, we are told that Dr. Howe's lecture-room must be opened, and will be opened.

There has not been a time for many years when so many and such powerful revivals of religion have existed all over this State.

Revivals are in progress in Rocky Hill, Stratford, Willington, West Woodstock, Brooklyn, Putnam, Mansfield, New London, Clinton, Thompsonville, Simsbury, Litchfield, Cornwall, Waterford, North Woodstock, Lyme, Woodbridge and Stonington.

AT DERBY.—Some twenty have professed conversion, mostly ladies. Some young men have, however, begun in earnest a Christian life, and the interest is evidently deepening.

If correct statistics could be had, we think the present revival would show a larger number of conversions, in proportion to the number of inhabitants, than that in the days of Edwards.

In the Baptist church in Stonington, Elder Bronson recently baptized 16 persons, making in all 24 since the beginning of the revival. In the Second Baptist church in Suffield, 27 persons were baptized on the first Sunday in March. At the Methodist church at Hockanum, Rev. Mr. Morse, pastor, 50 persons have experienced conversion. At East Greenwich, Rev. Mr. Liverey's Methodist church, 100 conversions are reported, and more than half of them heads of families.—Some of the students in the seminary at that place are among the converts. There are several towns in New England in which not a single adult person can be found who has not been converted.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Judging from the attendance at the morning prayer meetings the tide of religious interest is rising in Boston. The old South Chapel was filled to overflowing, the aisles, pulpit, gallery, &c., being filled with persons standing. Many were unable to get in, and notice was given that arrangements had been made to have the lower chapel opened.

Mr. Thwing of Portland gave an account of an interesting revival in that city. Notice was given of the Business Men's prayer meeting, at 12 M., in the Old South Chapel; of a prayer meeting at the same hour at Salem street church; one at 3 o'clock in the Park street vestry; and at the same hour in the Church street Methodist vestry; and one at 3 P. M., in the Meionaon.

VERMONT.

At Middlebury, Vt., such a scene has not before been experienced for twenty years. The College, and the Young Ladies' Seminary, are beginning to rejoice in it, while on every side the old and young in the church, as well as out of it, are deeply affected.

RHODE ISLAND.

Several persons are to be baptized by Rev. Mr. Breed, of the Baptist Church in Woonsocket. In North Uxbridge seventy conversions are announced, and quite a number at Wistinsville.—A correspondent informs us of a revival at Thompson, Conn., 75 conversions at Woodstock, 70 at Pomfret, and 30 at Putnam.

IOWA.

Seventeen have been baptized in Dubuque; in Waterloo, twenty-one.

VIRGINIA.

In Richmond on the last Sabbath in February, Dr. Jeter baptized five.

OHIO.

At Cincinnati a prayer meeting exists in the First Presbyterian church on Fourth street near Main. It is held from 8 to 9 A. M., and is well attended by Christians of all denominations.—The interest in it is growing daily.

A Cleveland letter says:—From the day of its public consecration last November until the present time, the new house of worship of the Plymouth church has been occupied with religious meetings, increasing in frequency and in interest, until there are no less than five daily—commencing at six in the morning and closing at nine in the evening. They are all meetings of Christian conference and prayer, or of religious inquiry, excepting preaching some four times a week. From twenty-five to forty are regular attendants of the early morning meeting. The business meeting closes promptly at nine. It is one of the deepest interest.—Everything about these services is quiet and solemn, and marked with the Divine Presence, and a most tender and hopeful interest.

MISSISSIPPI.

At the Mammoth Cave, Miss., as the result of a 14 days revival, 33 persons were converted.

KENTUCKY.

At Ashland there has been a three weeks revival, and 60 persons added to the Methodist church.

TENNESSEE.

In Washington, Tenn., on Sunday, 25 persons united with the church on a profession of faith—six of the number are heads of families. One of the converts has reached the advanced age of 80 years.

About fifty have been added to the First Baptist church in Memphis, as the result of a revival.

In Murfreesboro, a revival has been in progress for six weeks, and 100 persons converted.

ILLINOIS.

A correspondent writing under date of Rockford, Ill., February 26th, says:—The quiet work is still in progress in our congregation.—Our Methodist brethren have had a great gathering. While their papers are reporting 5,000 weekly in the land, one prairie neighborhood near us furnishes 120, another 50, and one of the congregation of this city has received 70.

GENESEE, ILL.—There has been from 40 to 50 hopeful conversions in the Congregational church in this place. The inquiry meetings fill a large room in the Seminary, and the work is spreading all around. There is also a great work in the Methodist church. Some 70 have been received on probation.

Twenty baptisms are reported in Chicago; in Louisville, eleven; in Whitfield, six; in Kickapoo, thirteen; in Sandwich, twenty, and fifty conversions; in Bellville, four; in Abingdon, four; in Barrington, eleven; in Marengo, fifty; in Springfield, sixty-six; in Clinton, ten; in Farmington, twenty-six; in Bath twenty-six; in Prospect City, eight.

In Peoria, 21 persons were added, on the first Sunday in March, to the Adams street Baptist church.

At Pleasant Vale 63 persons were baptized by immersion last week. At Barry, in the same vicinity, 42 were similarly baptized—25 being heads of families.

MICHIGAN.

A deep religious feeling is prevalent in Detroit. Morning prayer meetings are held, which are well attended. The Methodists have been especially blessed, one hundred having been lately hopefully converted.

Three baptisms are reported at Edwardsburg, in Leslie forty conversions, in Sturgis three baptisms, in Burr Oak fifteen.

INDIANA.

About one thousand additions to the Baptist churches in this State have been reported during the past two months. At Aurora a revival has added 45 to the church. Interesting revivals are also reported at Moore's Hill, Washington, Hogan Hill, Cumberland, (27 baptisms,) Crooked Creek, (26 baptisms,) York, Bethel, Northfield, Indian Creek, Oil Creek Westville.

MISSOURI.

To the First M. C. in St. Louis have been added 70 on profession; and to the Ebeneser 50-60 by certificate and on probation. To the Third Baptist Church have been added about 40.—Several accessions have been made to the Fourth Church. 25 have united with the First African Church, and 24 with the Second African. Rev. Mr. Knapp, known as an eminent revivalist, has been preaching at St. Louis during a portion of the winter.

There is a very revived state of feeling in all the Presbyterian churches, but they are yet unable to count results.

MINNESOTA.

At St. Anthony, Min., a large number of the business men of the place have come out as little children, and asked and received God's blessing.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.—READ THIS—OLD AND YOUNG.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Is, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this age of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a new growth of luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofulas, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as scald head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or sick headache; make the hair soft, glossy and preserve its color perfectly, and the hair from falling, to extreme old age. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession;

St. PAUL, January 1, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*:—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a few years, and having tried all the hair restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial. I placed myself in the hands of a barber, and had my head rubbed with a good stiff brush, and the restorative then applied and well rubbed in till the scalp was aglow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared and grew rapidly from August last till the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch; whereas, before, it was harsh and wiry, what little there was of it, and that little was disappearing very rapidly. I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now I had read all these things, and, as it has not but have not seen hitherto any case where any person's hair was really benefitted by any of the hair tonics, etc., of the day; and it really gives me pleasure to give you the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and increasing sale throughout the Territory. The people here know its effects and have confidence in it. The supply you sent us as wholesale agents for the Territory, is nearly exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery, and I, for one, return you my thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of effecting any such result. Yours, hastily,

J. W. BOND.

Firm of Bond & Kelly, Druggists, St. Paul.

From the Editor of the Real Estate Advertiser.

BOSTON, March 2, 1855.

DEAR SIR:—Having become prematurely quite gray, I was induced, some six weeks since, to make a trial of your Restorative. I have used less than two bottles, but the gray hairs have all disappeared, and although my hair has not fully attained its original color, yet the process of change is gradually going on, and I am in great hope that in a short time my hair will be as dark as formerly. Its color has been much gratified at the healthy moisture and vigor of the hair, which before was harsh and dry; and it has ceased to come out as formerly.

Respectfully yours, D. C. M. RUPP.

CARLYLE, Illinois, June 19, 1855.

I have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative, it has resumed its original color, and have no doubt, permanently so. SIDNEY BREESE,

Ex-Senator United States.

O. J. Wood & Co., Proprietors, 312 Broadway N. Y. and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Missouri.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. 9-1y

ONLY ONE BOTTLE OF DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR OR LIVER REMEDY.

Is sufficient to cure any one troubled with Liver Complaints, unless the most desperate of cases, when the second bottle will, with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to health and vigor. We wish to call the attention of all to these facts, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the last twenty years with a success almost credulous, and it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

One bottle is the surest thing known to carry away the bad effects of mineral poison of any kind.

Only one bottle of it is needed to throw out of the system the effect of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness of unnatural color from the skin.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

One dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose of two tea-spoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstructions removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a sure preventative of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞ One or two doses taken occasionally is one of the best remedies for cold ever known.

Thousands of cures of inflammation and weakness of the lungs have been cured by the Invigorator.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no surer, safer and speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

There is no exaggeration in these statements, they are plain and sober facts, that we can give evidence to prove, while all who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor

We wish all who are sick and debilitated to try this remedy, and test it thoroughly, and any who are not benefited by its use we should like to here from, as we have yet to hear from the first person who has used a bottle of Invigorator without receiving benefit, for there are such astonishing medicinal virtues in it, that all, no matter how long they have been affected, if their complaint arises from a deranged liver, will be benefited, if not entirely cured.

Sanford & Co., Proprietors, 346 Broadway, New York.

Dr. G. H. Keyser, Druggists, No. 1[illegible] Wholesale Agent. For sale by G. W. [illegible] Altoona. April 1, '58-1y

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Two weeks ago we published a choice piece of poetry, that was "floating around loose," entitled "Pay the Printer." It set forth the trials, privations, &c., of printers, and placed delinquents in no very enviable light. We this week publish a kind of a sequel to "Pay the Printer," entitled "The Printer's Consolation," which like the former piece is a literary foundling, "floating around loose," with nobody to own it. We are astonished that two such gems of poetry can be allowed to go forth, without a father's" protection, as we feel morally certain that if we were the fortunate "author" of such a child, we should feel, at least saucy enough to invest it with our name. But here comment is unnecessary:

PRINTER'S CONSOLATION.

Tell me, ye gentle winds,
That round my pathway play,
Is there no place on earth,
Where printers get their pay?
The whispering breeze wo t by—
With accents filled with woe,
A voice borne on the sorrowing air,
In sadness answered "No!"

Tell me, ye flowing streams,
That smoothly glide along,
Is there one cherished place,
Where printers meet no wrong?
The gentle brook replied—
In murmurs soft and low—
And winding on its verdant way,
It meekly aswered "No!"

Tell me, ye murky clouds,
Now rising in the west,
Is there upon the globe,
One spot by printers blest?
The flashing clouds outspoke,
With an indignant glow—
A voice that filled the earth with awe,
In thunders answered "No!"

Tell me, hard-hearted man,
Withholding day by day,
Is there no honor in thy breast,
The printer's bill to pay?
Unanswering turns he around—
How plain his actions show—
An uttered oath capt sound is heard,
His actions answer "No!"

Tell me, ye gentle nymphs,
Who bless life's hours through,
Is there no sacred shrine
Where printers gain their due?
A mantling blush her cheek diffused,
Did ten-fold grace impart—
A soft responsive sigh replied,
'Tis found in woman's heart!

Tell me, angelic hosts,
Ye messengers of love,
Shall suffering printers here below
Have no redress above?
The angel band replied—
"To u is knowledge given—
Delinquents on the Printer's books,
Can never enter Heaven!"

ALTOONA March, 16 1858.

At a meeting of the Penna. R. R. Co's Employees Beneficial and Provident Sick Society, held this evening, the resignation of H. J. Lombaert, Esq., as President, of the Society, was presented.

On motion a committee of three was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Society, on the occasion.

The chair appointed George B. Cramer, Robt. D. Steel and Robert Pitcairns, who immediately retired, and after a short absence re-appeared with the following preamble and resolutions, which were read before the Society by the chairman of the Committee and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, by the new organization of the Penn'a R. Road, it becomes necessary that our worthy President should remove to Philadelphia, and whereas in pursuance of this arrangement he has tendered his resignation, therefore,

Resolved, That it is with deep regret that we are called on to part with one to whom we are so deeply indebted for the prosperity of our association

Resolved, That as a testimonial of our respect for one who by his modest demeanor and kind deportment has placed us under innumerable obligations, both as Rail Road employees and members of this Association, his resignation as President be respectfully rejected; that the Bye Law requiring officers to reside in Altoona be rescinded in his favor, and he be earnestly requested to still honor the Association by continuing as its President.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to H. J. Lombaert, Esq., and published in the Altoona *Tribune*.

GEORGE B. CRAMER,
ROBERT D. STEEL,
ROBERT PITCAIRNS, } *Com.*

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.—At a meeting of the Managers of this road, held at Philipsburg on last Friday week, George W. Leufer, Esq., was elected Chief Engineer. Mr. L. is a man of much practical experience at engineering, having been in the employ of the Pa. Central company, afterwards was engaged in Tennessee, and more recently, we believe, upon the Ft. Wayne and Chicago road. He is, perhaps, one of the best locating engineers in the United States, and his experience will doubtless aid in expediting the completion of our road. He is to go over and examine the work already performed on the route, and report at the next meeting of the Board. We understand that arrangements are contemplated being made with the Central Company for furnishing the iron that will be required for the track.—*Raftsman Journal.*

SWORN IN.—J. K. Ely, the newly elected Borough constable, was, we understand, sworn into office at the recent Argument court, held in Hollidaysburg, and already has his hands full of business. That Joe will make a good officer, we have no doubt, and those who entrust business to his care can rely upon having it attended to promptly. Some of the "fast boys" who delight in kicking up a "rumpus" on street corners and annoying peaceable people after nightfall, had better keep an "eye round the corner," or "old Joe" may call upon them unawares and provide them with accommodations for the night in the new "Lock up," which will be ready to receive lodgers in a few days.

SERENADE.—A young married couple were serenaded on Tuesday evening last, by the *public band* i. e. Calithumpian. For some two hours were their ears regaled by the most execrable music ever discoursed. Either the musicians were *tyros* in the science, or the instruments, especially the horse-fiddle, were sadly out of tune, for the strains discoursed were by no means as perfect as some we have heard. How the young couple relished the performance we can't say, but we do know that it sadly annoyed the neighbors. It is high time that such performances should be discarded.—They too often lead to unpleasant consequences, even when as in the present case, indulged in merely for fun's sake.

IMPROVEMENT.—We notice that the R. R. Company are greatly improving Main street, by planking in front of the Logan House. This will be a great accommodation to the travelling public, as in rainy weather, they will not be compelled to plod through the mud to get on and off the cars. In good weather our streets are none of the best, but in bad weather they are perfectly execrable. It would not be out of place if they were all either planked or piked. The General Superintendent deserves credit for setting the example, which we hope our "City Fathers" will not be slow to imitate.

PIGEONS.—Within the past week, we have noticed innumerable numbers of wild pigeons passing over this place, wending their way northward. This is considered an indication of mild weather hereafter, and we hope it may prove correct, as we are satisfied with coal-fires and overcoats for this season. Although the birds are evidently plenty in this vicinity, we have not learned of any having been "brought down" by hunters. Should they tarry long, however, there is a fair prospect that their numbers will be diminished, especially if we get among them with an old "continental."

PULMONARY DISEASES.—There is a remedy prepared by Dr. Geo. H. Keyser, of 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. that has won great renown in the way of curing the various incipient diseases of the Lungs and Pulmonary apparatus. Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup is no quack nostrum, but has won and kept the confidence of men of the highest standing. Dr. Keyser prepares and mixes all the ingredients of the Pectoral Syrup with his own hands, and says that he will continue to do so. If you wish a good medicine for a Cough or Cold you can buy it at the Agencies. For sale by Geo. W. Kessler.

ICE! ICE!—Mr. John Allison, has requested us to inform the citizens of Altoona, that he is now prepared to serve them regularly with Ice, of the best quality, and at low rates. Our citizens have hitherto been at a loss to obtain ice for summer use, but hereafter they can all be supplied. Those of our readers who wish any during the coming summer, will do well to give Mr. Allison a call, as they will procure a superior article at lower rates from him, than by sending elsewhere.

QUOITS.—The beautiful evenings we have enjoyed for the past week, has induced those who are partial to the above game to bring out the rings. It is a pleasant and healthful game and should be engaged in by those who desire exercise, in preference to many others now in vogue. We are always on hand for such amusement after 6 P. M.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday morning last, a son of Dr. J. L. Ickes, aged about 10 years, fell from a wagon and fractured his arm at the elbow joint, Dr. C. J. Hirst was called in and skilfully set the bone, which owing to the nature of the case, was an exceedingly difficult task. The little fellow is now doing as well as could be expected.

MOVING DAY.—Next Thursday is moving day, when the usual scenes attendant upon the day will be enacted. Those of our subscribers who purpose changing their residences, will please give us timely notice, so that we can make the necessary arrangements to serve them with the *Tribune*.

THE STREETS.—As Spring is now here it behooves our "City Fathers" to see that our streets are put in order. There is nothing reflects so much credit on a town, after good citizens and good buildings, as clean streets. Ours could and ought to be materially improved.

PRAYER MEETINGS.—Prayer meetings are now being held nightly in all the churches in this place. May they be productive of great good. There is some talk, of getting up a union prayer meeting, similar to those held in the cities, but we have not yet learned whether it has been accomplished.

HOME CORRESPONDENCE.

SPRING FIELD FURNACE, March 23, 1858.

"The Calf Bawls."

Some weeks since, in one of my communications, I was prompted to make a remark in behalf of "Stans." I do not know that it contained anything that would give him offence, as he knows very well what I meant when I wrote.—He knows too, that fast associations have never revealed anything but my best wishes. I do not know whether or not he has taken umbrage at what I said, nor do I care; but if he has not, no other person had a right to do so.

But some people seem to have a self-constituted right to meddle with other people's business, and they labor so diligently in their calling that you would be led to suppose they were erudites and philanthropists. This class of persons you will generally find to be of the Tam O'Shanter school, regular attendants at the three cent whiskey shops and heroes at the card-table. In this class also you will find those who aspire to the important profession of teaching, and who, indeed, are engaged in the work—working to complete destruction.

Are such men fit to take charge of schools? Are they fit teachers of the young? Are men who are guilty of drunkenness, card-playing, perversion of truth and incapacity to instruct, fit to take the place of common school teachers? If they are, then your correspondent "Mac" is a most *superlatively qualified* person for this work. He certainly stands upon the pinnacle of bombastic fame, and I do not envy him his pre-eminent position in *rumsuckerdom*.

That he is a most fit person for such a business is proved by his own productions.

"The common schools of this township through the good management of our directors have been supplied with competent teachers."*

That they (the directors of Tyrone Tp.) had secured *good* teachers for schools two and three is not, nor can not be denied. As far as No. 4 is concerned, I can say nothing. But when it is known that the above is a quotation from the teacher (?) of No. 1, I do think that every man who possesses three cents worth of good common sense, (better than your's Mac,) will at once scent the braggart and the fool.

That is a good way "Mac," of blowing your own horn. Teachers (?) of your stamp, however, are compelled to blow the horn for themselves, as I have never found that any person, but those of bar-room celebrity, are willing to do it for them or you. But I think you are excusable, because I suspect that the outburst was occasioned by the action of bad whiskey on a weak brain, and further it will require all the efforts you can "put forth" to keep up the tune. But since you are getting on so fast, I think it would be well to see how you stand.

How is it that you could not solve those two questions in "Long Division" (simple?) That was bad. You ought to supply yourself with an old "copy-book" or a "Key." If you are not able to buy them—you know it could not injure your conscience, or your character either, to *steal* them. Mind "Mac," Long Division is "small potatoes."

You made rather a blunder, too, when you said you "could not teach Algebra."

Now I would not counsel you to lie—that would be *superfluous*, but it would have been much more to your interest and credit, to have went to work *honestly* for once. But it was worse still when you told another *story* about it. I would not say that you did lie, but there are two stories out. *You told both.* Which are we to believe! *Perhaps* they are both true. A little more, Mac, just hold still. When you write again, it would be better for you to have a Dictionary about you, you *butcher* the English very much. You should learn what words mean before you use them, and you should not use those "big" words, they are so much higher than your finite conception, that they only portray you to be more and more—an *ass*.

Then you make some horrid blunders in Orthography, and *you* a TEACHER! Now if you are too stupid and dull to make progress by yourself, come over here, I will guarantee that some of my Scholars can teach you in *any* of the above named branches. Another "little mean thing" is, you should not get any other person to help you to write—it looks bad and will destroy your *hard earned reputation*

"Mac," do you not feel sickish after your last great effort? It *is* powerful. Indeed the report of a pop-gun," or the bursting of a "cabbage head" has something in itself so much resembling the.

"Pomp and circumstance of glorious war,"

that although I "still live" I am nevertheless terribly "*skeerd*"

"The cudgel in my nieve did shake,
Each bristling hair stood like a stake."

How very severe you would *like* to be, but you have a great difficulty to overcome, your inability to be *severe* and *decent*. Your last eruption is evidently your *masterpiece*. It bears the marks of great labor. Be careful that it may not turn your giddy brain. I have heard of people of your ilk before, who after some great mental effort, (such as yours) have gone *entirely* crazy. Now I would hate to have to answer for making a fool crazy.

You give me a nasty blow, when you tell me to "square up" with my numerous creditors etc. Now Mac, you should not have done that. I may not have as much money as you have.—But then you asked for your wages, when you had taught only *two weeks*, and from that fact we might infer that you were about as "hard up" as I am. Now my *particular* friend Mac, *honest* people always *earn* their wages before they ask for them. Of course I would not intimate that an eminent? TEACHER is *dishonest*.—That would be unpardonable in me, a "school keeper." Mac, that washer-woman *earned* her money, go and pay her. Dont cheat *her* anyhow, if the rest do suffer. People who live in glass houses should not indulge their stone-throwing propensities. Hunt up something else, Mac. Go to Mr. Squeeler, he can make lots of yarns for you. But you misconstrue my remark "I am willing, at least not afraid etc." And since your "upper story" is not just as well fitted up as it might be, I will simplify it for you. However I must tell you before, that you accord me too much courage, I will not fight—legs are too good but this is what I meant. You called into question my qualifications as a teacher—you say you are a "competent teacher. Now that we may both be *understood*, I propose to simplify my remark. Read it thus—I, Alpha, am willing (at least I am not afraid) to meet you, Mac, at any place (except Canada) and discuss any question that may be selected at the time, go with you to the black-board for the solution of questions, to stand beside you in Mental Arithmetic, in Reading, in Grammar and down to Orthography. Do you understand me? Or are you a bona-fide Jackass? Your buffonery is excusable, because of your ignorance.

Now Mac. I am done with you. I have polluted my inkstand enough by writing your name out of it, to keep my ink black forever. I hand you over to your friend "Square-toe." You grovel in depths too low for my use—and the contempt of a good man would die long before it could reach you. I fear you not, nor do I ask your favors. "Your good will and opinion would be enough to curse the best of men."

I hereby give you full privilege to work away and give vent to all that your *hair brain* contains as well as all that the General and the long Squire can *make* for you.

"But lest you think I am uncivil,
To plague you with this drannting drivel,
Abjuring a' intentions evil,
I quat my pen
The Lord p eserve us fra the D—l."
Amen, Amen.

ALPHA.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We would call your attention to the advertisement of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, which appears in the columns of our present number.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the article as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose. viz: for restoring gray hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never-failing preventative for the failing of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurff, dandruff, and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the restorative for the above purposes with the most gratifying results.

It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed, we think we have never puffed one before; but Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it.—(*Catholic Vindicator.*

WOODLAND CREAM,"—*A Pomade for beautifying the Hair*—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes the dandruff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed, Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed

FETRIDGE & CO. Proprietors of the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*"

For sale by all Druggists.

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be on the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill and Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street, above sixth. Gentleman and youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.—One of the very best Cough Medicines to be found anywhere, is Dr. *Keyser's* Pectoral Syrup. sold by G. W. Kessler, at 50 cents per bottle.

The stated Councils of the "Winnebago Tribe," No. 35, I. O. R. M., are held every Wednesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7th run 30th breath.
June 25, '57-1y] A. EBERLE, C. of R.

*See one of [illegible] Lottery.

OUR BLACK LIST.

I PAID THE PRINTER! Ha! Ha!



I AM SORRY I DIDN'T!

CAREFULLY COMPILED BY THE EDITORS!

COMMENTS BY "SLEM!"

Published for the protection of our brethren of the Press and the Public generally.

SWAYED NEITHER BY FEAR, FAVOR, NOR AFFECTION, WE SHALL SPEAK OF MEN AS WE FIND THEM.

The following named individuals have "victimized" us to the tune of the amounts set opposite to their names.—Our brethren of the Press and the Public generally will do well to be on their guard while dealing with them. He who would cheat the printer would scruple at nothing.

T. & L. LAMBERT & Co., Philadelphia, $2 50.
These contemptible scoundrels, as Advertising Agents for a Cider Press, patronised us to the above tune. If we ever come across them we'll *press* their miserable carcasses into their original nothingness.

DAVID AXE, $2 50.
Mr. Axe is another of our *honest* patrons. He victimized us out of the above sum, and sloped without *axe*-ing us for a settlement. That *Axe* was rather *sharp* for us.

RICHARD ALLEN $2 50.
This *gent* graduated in rascality at our expense.

J. J. BOTOFF, $2 50.
This gent should not be called "Bought-off" but "Slope-off." If he is not good on a *buy* he is on a *sell*. We have one consolation, however, and that is that he wont be able to cheat the Devil.

M. BOTTOFF, Bellefonte, Pa. $3 00.
We don't know whether this chap is related to the other Bottoff or not. If he ain't he ought to be, and if he is he's a *credit* to the family.

J. A. BRADLEY, Cressons, Pa. $1 00.
This 'sneak' sneakingly sneaked off, leaving us to console ourselves as we best could. He is such a veritable "sneak" that he would sell his soul (a very small one) for a "fip" (a big price) and after pocketing the money sneak out of the bargain.

THOS. ROY, $2 50.
This promising young man promised to pay us but didn't. He has lately been married in Reading. Poor fellow! his punishment soon overtook him.

A. S. MCCLINTOCK, Patterson, Pa. $3 00.
This is another of our *honest* patrons, Such a small-souled wretch is not worth a longer notice.

P. FLANIGAN, Pittsburgh, Pa., $3 00.
This representative of the great "Flanigan family" walked into our affections "a feet." "Fire away Flanigan," but please don't "hit" us in future.

MOSES DOUTY, ESQUIRE, $6 75.
Cheating us out of the above snug sum, affords a fair specimen of the manner in which Moses dispensed justice, and how well *qualified* he was to discharge the duties of his office. After *impairing the eye-sight* of quite a number of our citizens, he "sloped" for Baltimore, leaving a host of friends to mourn their *loss*. We commend him to the "Plug Uglies," "Rip Raps," &c., as a fit recruit for their ranks.

E. A. C. DOUTY, $4 00.
This lazy puppy is a "chip of the old block," who exemplifies the truth of the old adages "like daddy like child," and "what is bred in the bone won't come out of the flesh." He also has "sloped" to the more congenial atmosphere of Baltimore. "Good riddance to bad rubbish."

Dr. W. E. HOYT, Syracuse, N. Y. $7 50.
This impudent *quack* bled us to the above tune for advertising. He is an arrant knave, who, making his living by means of the Press, is mean enough to cheat printers. We hope, when sick, he may be quacked to death by some brother quack.

Rev. W. S. H. KEYS, Tyrone, Pa., $2 00.
This political parson who sports the "cambric" extensively, owes us the above sum for printing Notices to K. N. Councils, stating his terms for lecturing before them. We should think that his "Intense Americanism" should lead him to pay his honest debts. We hand him over to the tender mercy of his conscience—if he has any—if not, to that of his friend and prototype ———.

L. PALMER & Co., Travelling Opticians. $1 50.
The above firm was composed of a couple of precious rascals, as "dutch as sour crout," who passed themselves off as opticians. Whether they were or not we don't know, but we do know, that instead of improving the sight of our "peepers," they effectually "closed them up."

CUMMINGS & Co., Travelling Ambrotypists. $1 25.
This is another pair of contemptible knaves. Their skill was strikingly exemplified in our sad experience, they having left an indelible *impression* on our memory, that we were the victims of misplaced confidence.

RICHARD WHITE, $4 00.
This falsely named *gent* has left town without settling up with us, thus leaving a *black* record against him on our books, and getting his name on our *black* list. It is not the only *black act* he has been guilty of.

A. CLARKE, $1 50.
We suppose this gent had not time to settle this small bill before leaving, as he left town about a hundred yards ahead of the constable, making 2,10 time.

G. W. TRYON, $2 50.
This gent *tried us on* to the above tune, and then put us off by absquatulating without paying.

THOS. LEE, left town owing us		$2 50.
LANG & WAGNER	do.	4 25.
DANIELLS W. GARDNER,	do.	2 50.
L. KARO.	do.	3 00.
A. J. ANDERSON,	do.	1 00.

The above is only the first chapter of our "Life Pictures." We have ample material for a dozen more, which, will appear in due time.

Time of the Closing and Arrival of Mails at Altoona Post Office.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	1 00 P. M.
Western " "	8 00 A. M.
Eastern Through Mail	8 00 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through Mail,	8 35 A. M.
Western Way and Hollidaysburg,	1 40 P. M.
Eastern " "	7 15 "

Hollidaysburg mails close at 1,00 P. M. and 6,45 P. M., and arrive at 1,15 P. M. and 7,30 P. M.
June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

Time of Arrival and Departure of trains running on the Penn'a. Railroad, at Altoona station.

Express Train	East	arrives 2,48 A. M.,		leaves 2,55 A. M.	
" "	West	" 8,35 "		" 8,55 "	
Fast	"	East	" 1,40 P. M.	" 2,00 P. M.	
" "	West	" 11,00 "		" 11,10 "	

ALTOONA WAY TRAIN leaves Altoona for Philadelphia at 6,00 A. M., and returning arrives at Altoona at 7,15 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express train West. Altoona Way Train East and West and with Fast Mail Train Eas

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Fast Mail Train East.

Dec. 21, '56-tf] THOS. A. SCOTT, *Sup't.*

A CARD—TO THE LADIES.

—DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FRENCH PILLS *are infallible in removing stopages and irregularities of the menses.* These Pills are nothing new but have been used by the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public, for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities of whatever nature, as well as to prevent pregnancy to to those ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family.—Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while pregnant, as the Proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition altho' their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise these Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by G. W. KESSLER, General Agent for Altoona and vicinity. He will supply dealers at proprietor's prices, and send the Pills to ladies (*confidentially*) by return mail on receipt of $1 through the Altoona Post Office.

Each box has my signature, J. DUPONCO, New York. Samuel Breslin, general agent for Tyrone City. [1y-27

ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY LOWTHER & M'DOWELL.

Flour—Superfine,	₱ bbl.	$5,25
" Extra,	₱ "	$5,50
Corn Meal,	₱ cwt.	3,00
Buckwheat	₱ "	2,40
Potatoes,	₱ bush.	75
Apples,	₱ "	87
Butter,	₱ lb	22
Lard,	₱ "	11
Pork,	₱ "	06
Side,	₱ "	06
Eggs,	₱ doz.	16

M'LAIN & LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

M'Lain & Lehr sell their Flour at the following rates:—

White Wheat Flour, Extra Family,	₱ bbl.	$5,25
" " " Superfine,	"	5,00
" " " Superfine,	"	4,75

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

Extra Family Flour,	₱ bbl.	$
[illegible]		5 25
[illegible] Brush Creek,		5 00
Superfine,		4 75

SETTEES FOR SALE.—THE UNdersigned has on hand a lot of Settees which he will sell cheap for cash. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Masonic Temple. March 25-tf.]

PEA NUTS.—5,000 BUSHELS WILmington Pea Nuts in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONARY.—PLAIN AND fine Confectionary manufactured and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—500 boxes Oranges and Lemons in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

RAISINS.—1,000 BOXES BUNCH and Layer Raisins in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

FIGS, DATES, PRUNES, CITRONS and Currants in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58 1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, CREAM Nuts and Filberts in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

PINE GROVE ACADEMY AND SEMINARY. *Pine Grove Mills, Centre County, Pa.* J. E. THOMAS, A. B., Principal. The Thirteenth Session of this Institution will commence April 28, 1858, and continue five months. TERMS—Boarding and tuition in English Branches $55. Reference—Dr. G. D. Thomas, Altoona. [Mar. 25-3t*

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP —Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading under the name of Peter Reed & Co., has been this day, March 20, 1858, dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment. PETER REED, JOHN BONAWITS. March 25-3t*]

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a tract of EIGHTY ACRES of land, situate in Furguson township, Clearfield county, on the South side of the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, about five miles from Curwensville and one mile below Lumber City. The premises are conveniently situated, and among other inducements to purchasers are two extensive beds of IRON ORE, one of which exceeds nine feet in thickness and yields from forty-five to eighty per cent. There is also an abundance of LIMESTONE AND STONE COAL on the premises, making it a desirable situation to persons wishing to engage in the manufacture of Iron. There is the best of water power on the premises, and the river is navigable with arks, boats, &c., from this point. Persons desiring any further information will address WM. G. McCRACKEN, March 25-3m.] New Millport, Clearfield Co. Pa.

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE at McCormick's Store. Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, (or at least credit will not be given to any other than those who are *willing and can* give satisfactory reference and assurance of prompt monthly payment,) and desiring to make it the interest of all to patronize our store, we have made a very great reduction in the prices of all descriptions of goods, and will give our entire time and attention to keeping up an assortment to suit the wants of our customers, such as DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CEDARWARE, STONEWARE, BOOTS & SHOES, Gaiters, Slippers, Hats and Caps, Dried Fruit, etc., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest. All articles of produce taken in exchange for goods at their highest market price. Thankful for past favors, we hope to share the patronage of those who are in want of goods. [March 25-tf.

SELECT SCHOOL.—The Spring Term of Mrs. M. E. KING'S SELECT SCHOOL, will open in West Ward, on MONDAY, March 29th, 1858. TERMS.—From $2½ to $5 a scholar, Payable semi-quarterly. [March18-2t*

LUMBER FOR SALE.— 60,000 Shingles 50,000 Lathes, and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL, lower than the lowest, for Cash. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!— 90 Cords of good dry OAK WOOD for sale by LEWIS GWIN, 2 miles North of Altoona. March 18, 1858-tf.

HOLLIDAYSBURG WALL PAPER DEPOT.—J. M. HEWIT invites persons wishing to purchase PAPER HANGINGS to call and examine his new stock, which he gets direct from the Manufacturers, thus saving one profit for passing through second hands. Prices reduced to suit the times. March 18, 1858-3t.

ALTOONA SELECT SCHOOL.— The Second Term of this Institution will commence on the 6th of April next, under the superintendence of J. B. EWING, in the West Ward Public School House. The school will consist of pupils of both sexes. At the commencement of each session the scholars will be examined and classed in that department for which they are best fitted. The course of instruction will embrace Mathematics, ordinary and higher English branches and Latin. The Session will continue Four Months.

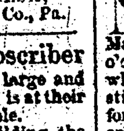
TERMS.
Primary Department—Alphabet, Orthography, Reading, Elements of Arithmetic and Geography. $3 50.
Junior Department—Reading, Writing, Primary Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic. 4 50.
Senior Department—Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Elocution and Latin, 6 00.
Scholars in the *Senior Department* will be permitted to study any of the branches taught in the other departments. No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness. A complete set of Maps, Charts and Globes, together with a number of pieces of Philosophical Apparatus are connected with the Institution, according every advantage to students that can be obtained at distant Academics and Seminaries. A competent corps of teachers will be employed. It will be the aim of the Principal to make the Institution worthy the confidence of the public. March 4, tf

SAVING FUND, FIVE PER CENT INTEREST. NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST CO', *Walnut street, S. W. Corner of Third, Philadelphia.* Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania. Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal. The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock. Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, *Pres't.* ROBERT SELFRIDGE, *Vice Pres't.* WM. J. REED, *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.
Hon. Henry L. Benner, F. Carrol Brewster, Edward L. Carter, Joseph B. Barry, Robert Selfridge, Francis Lee, Sam'l K. Ashton, Joseph Yerkes, C. Landreth Munns, Henry Diffenderfer.
Money is received and payments made daily, without notice. The investments are made in REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such first class securities as the Charter requires [Mar2-5m.

H. FETTINGER'S GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM, NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA. PA. Where may be had all the popular Publications of the day, such as Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact everything in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, Tobacco and Segars of the best quality, &c., &c. N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does *positively* cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it. [1-tf.

THE CASSVILLE SEMINARY.— ONLY $22,50 PER QUARTER.



This School for Young Ladies and Gentlemen is probably the cheapest one of the kind in the country. The expenses for room rent, furniture, fuel, board and tuition in common English, are per quarter as above, or per year only $88. Piano Music is only $5 per quarter. All the Languages and the Ornamentals are proportionally cheap. Send for a circular. Students are expected to notify me before coming. Address JOHN D. WALSH, Feb. 25-2m] Cassville, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

MILITARY HALL.—The subscriber begs leave to inform the public, that his large and commodious apartment, entitled "Military Hall," is at their service, for Meetings, Balls, &c Terms reasonable. He always keeps in his Saloon, in the same building, the best quality of Lager Beer. Give him a call. Altoona, March 4, 1858-4t.*] A. SHULTZE.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.— The subscriber offers at Private sale, two splendid Lots in a very desirable part of the town of Altoona. The lots are in fine order, with a number of choice Fruit Trees planted thereon, which are in a thrifty condition. Enquire of [Feb. 25-1m] GEO. B. CRAMER.

SHERIFFALITY.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Blair county, at the ensuing election in October next. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability. Feb. 4, 1858 (c)] JOHN B. WARFEL.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES FOR MARCH, 1858. R. FRANCE & Co., *Managers.*

We present to our customers throughout the Union, some of the most magnificent Schemes for the month of March, ever offered. The Maryland State Lotteries are the safest Lotteries to purchase tickets in. They are fairly drawn by the State Lottery Commissioner, in public, and all prizes are promptly paid by the Managers. All who desire and will take the trouble, can soon ascertain that the Maryland State Lotteries, under the sole management of R. France & Co., are the only legal Lotteries in Maryland, and are drawn by authority of Law.

T. H. HUBBARD & CO., will fill all orders in the Maryland Lotteries promptly, and all communications held strictly confidential.

The country is flooded with swindling bogus Lotteries, holding out vast inducements, in the shape of large Capitals for a small price of Tickets. Beware of all such, and when you want to try your luck, remember that the MARYLAND LOTTERIES, which have been drawn for the last forty years, are the best Lotteries to order Tickets in.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS 7, To be drawn in Baltimore City, March 13, 1858.

SPLENDID TEN DOLLAR SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$40,000	5 Prizes of	$2,000
1 Prize of	10,432	5 Prizes of	1,200
2 Prizes of	6,000	19 Prizes of	1,000
4 Prizes of	3,000	336 Prizes of	230

&c., &c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50.

Certificate of Package of 26 Wholes,			$140,00
Do	do	26 Halves,	70,00
Do	do	26 Quarters,	35,00

"*The Great Scheme of the Month.*"

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS F, To be drawn in Baltimore City, March 20, 1858.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

20 drawn Ballots in each Package of 26 Tickets Making more Prizes than Blanks.

1 Grand Prize of	$65,000	1 Prize of	$2,000
1 Prize of	13,558	1 Prize of	2,000
1 Prize of	13,558	1 Prize of	1,500
1 Prize of	7,500	1 Prize of	1,500
1 Prize of	7,500	1 Prize of	1,250
1 Prize of	5,000	1 Prize of	1,250
1 Prize of	5,000	1 Prize of	1,000
1 Prize of	3,000	20 Prizes of	400
1 Prize of	3,000	95 Prizes of	300

1,000 Prizes of $200 each.

Tickets $20—Halves $10—Quarters $5—Eighths $2,50.

Certificate of Package of 26 Wholes,			$300,00
Do	do	26 Halves,	150,00
Do	do	26 Quarters,	75,00
Do	do	26 Eighths	37,50

HAVANA PLAN.

SINGLE NUMBERS—EVERY NUMBER PUT IN THE WHEEL, AND ALL PRIZES DRAWN OUT.

Every Prize in this Scheme must be Drawn!
MORE PRIZES THAN BLANKS.
20,660 Prizes! 40,000 Tickets!!
WHOLE TICKETS ONLY TEN DOLLARS.
Maryland Lottery to be drawn on the Havana Plan.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED EXTRA CLASS 3,
To be drawn in Baltimore, Md., Saturday, March 27th, 1858.
NO DEDUCTION ON PRIZES. PRIZES PAYABLE IN FULL.

1 Prize of	$35,000	4 Appr's to	$300
1 Prize of	11,980	4 " "	250
1 Prize of	4,000		
1 Prize of	4,000	8 " "	200
1 Prize of	2,000		
1 Prize of	2,000	8 " "	160
1 Prize of	1,500		
1 Prize of	1,500	8 " "	100
1 Prize of	1,250		
1 Prize of	1,250	8 " "	80
1 Prize of	1,000		
1 Prize of	1,000	8 " "	60
10 Prizes of	300	40 " "	50
10 Prizes of	200	40 " "	40
100 Prizes of	200	400 " "	20

20,000 Prizes of $8 each.

Whole Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50.

If you purchase two Tickets, one of them must draw $8.

Certificate of Package 16 Wholes, will be sent for			$90,00
" "	16 Halves,	" "	45,00
" "	16 Quarters,	" "	22,50
" "	16 Eighths,	" "	11,25

All orders for Tickets in the above splendid Schemes will be faithfully and promptly filled. Address, T. H. HUBBARD & Co., Box 40, Baltimore, Md.

Persons in the West or South can have their orders filled in the Shelby College Lottery, of Kentucky, Schemes exactly the same as the above—and also drawn under the management of R, France & Co. Address T. H. HUBBARD & CO., March 4-1y] Louisville, Ky.

MONEY SAVED, BY SUBSCRIBING to HODGES' JOURNAL OF FINANCE AND BANK REPORTER, because it gives *full, complete, early* and *reliable* information of all Bank Failures and changes; true descriptions of all counterfeit, altered and spurious bills; genuine bank notes; quotations and sales of Stocks, Bonds, and Securities; financial and monetary affairs of every nature and kind. Containing *ten times more* original important and valuable statistics and reading matter pertaining to Banks and Money than any other Detector or Reporter ever published. Also gives correct quotations of buying and selling rates of Money, Land Warrants, &c., corrected by the most experienced and responsible Bankers in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cincinnati and Chicago, making

FIVE REPORTERS IN ONE!

No business man can do well without this work.

Terms:—Monthly, one year, $1,00; Semi-Monthly, $1,50; Weekly, $2,50; including book of all the Coins in the world. Any one sending us five yearly subscribers, will receive a copy of the SAFE-GUARD and the Weekly Journal for one year *free.* Twenty-five per cent. allowed to Agents and Postmasters.

The only work ever published giving correct delineations and fac simile descriptions of all the Genuine Bank Notes, is HODGES' NEW BANK NOTE SAFE-GUARD.

It cost to arrange and publish this great work, over $20,000, besides years of time and labor.

The book is splendidly bound—about 14 inches in length by 10 inches in width—containing 400 pages of Bank Note Plate delineations, being equivalent to having upwards of 12,000 GENUINE BANK BILLS to compare with and detect the counterfeit and spurious, in advance of any description in any Detector or Bank Note Reporter.

It condemns the wrong by showing the right. With this Book, it is almost impossible to be imposed upon by bad money.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD HAVE IT.

The SAFE-GUARD is copy-righted, published and sold exclusively by the undersigned, and will be sent free of postage to any part of the country on receipt of $2—25 per cent. discount will be allowed to Booksellers, Agents, or to the subscriber to Hodges' Journal of Finance and Bank Reporter. Address J. TYLER HODGES, Banker, March 11,-2t] 271 Broadway, N. Y

E. P. MIDDLETON & BROTHER, *Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors,* return their thanks to their friends for the liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, at the OLD ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 5 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, where they have a large assortment of WINES and LIQUORS of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers upon the most reasonable terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle Brandies:

BRANDIES.
Otard, Hennessy, Marett, T Hines, Pellevoisin, A. Seignette, &c., &c. | *Pinnett, Castillion, Martelle, J. J. Dupuy & Co.*

WINES.
Champagne, Old Oporto, Claret, Sherry, Lisbon, | *Burgundy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Hock, Muscat & Malaga Wines of various brands and qualities.*

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskeys; Peach, Apple, Lavender, Blackberry, Raspberry, Cherry and Ginger Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, an extensive stock of *OLD WHEAT, MONONGAHELA and BOURBON WHISKEYS,* of various grades, some of which we guarantee to be superior to any in the country.

From our long experience in the business, and thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us. Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned. Feb. 26-1y] E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Altoona and its vicinity, that he has opened a STORE in the ROOM formerly occupied by G. W. Patton, on Virginia street, where he will be happy to exhibit to them his splendid stock of FASHIONABLE FALL GOODS, which will be found entirely new and fresh. His stock is carefully selected and was purchased strictly for CASH, which just at this important time has enabled him to buy exceedingly low, and having adopted the READY-PAY SYSTEM, is determined to ask but "Small Profits and Quick Sales." Among his stock will be found everything appertaining to Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, as well as all articles of Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c., &c. usually kept in a town or country store. He respectfully invites a careful inspection of his stock. Altoona, Oct. 1, 1857-tf. CHARLES J. MANN.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the members of the Western Industrial Colony will be held in the Masonic Temple, on Thursday evening, March 25th, at 7 o'clock, for the permanent organization of the same. All who have already signed or are desirous of signing the Constitution are invited to attend. Those who wish to secure for themselves a home in the far West, with the prospect of speedily making a fortune, should join this Colony, as its principles are, Mutual Protection, Encouragement and Assistance, and its motto is "In union there is strength." March 18-2t.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lugs, which arise from the exposed state of the Chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER. Jan. 24, '56-tf]

SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES, AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

$70.000 FOR $10!

The following Scheme will be drawn by S. Swan & Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Litteries for March, 1858, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, to which city they have removed their principal office.

CLASS 5,
To be drawn in the city of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, March 6, 1858.
CLASS 6,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, March 13, 1858.
CLASS 7,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in puplic, on Saturday, March 20, 1858.
CLASS 8,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, March 27, 1858.

ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS.
FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE PRIZES!
Nearly one Prize to every Nine Tickets!
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!
TO BE DRAWN EACH SATURDAY IN FEBRUARY.

1 Prize of	$70,000	4 Prize of	900
1 " "	30,000	4 " "	800
1 " "	10,000	4 " "	700
1 " "	5,000	4 " "	600
1 " "	4,000	50 Prizes of	500
1 " "	3,000	50 " "	300
1 " "	1,500	100 " "	125
4 " "	1,000	230 " "	100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Prizes of $400	Approx'ting. to $70,000	Prize are	$1,600
4 " " 300	" 30,000	" "	1,200
4 " " 200	" 10,000	" "	800
4 " " 125	" 5,000	" "	500
4 " " 100	" 4,000	" "	400
4 " " 75	" 3,000	" "	300
4 " " 50	" 1,500	" "	200
5,000 " " 20 are			100,000
5,485 Prizes amounting to			$320,000

Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quarters $2,50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000, corresponding with those numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled in small tin tubes and placed in one Wheel.

The first 475 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding numbers to those drawing the first 7 Prizes will be entitled to the 28 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Ticket No. 11,250 draws the $70,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 11,248, 11,249, 11,251, 11252, will each be entitled to $400. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $30,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $300, and so on according to the above scheme.

The 5,000 Prizes of $20 will be determined by the last figure of the number that draws the $70,000 Prize. For example: if the number drawing the $70,000 Prize ends with No. 1, then all the tickets, where the number ends in 1, will be entitled to $20. If the number ends with No. 2, then all the tickets where the number ends in 2 will be entitled to $20, and so on to 0.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Certificate of package of 10 Whole Tickets,	$80
" " 10 Half "	40
" " 10 Quarter "	20
" " 10 Eight "	10

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.—Purchasers can have tickets ending in any number they may designate.

The list of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full without deduction.

All prizes of $1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for tickets or certificates to
S. SWAN & CO., *Augusta, Ga.*

Persons residing near Montgomery, Ala., or Atalanta, Ga. can have their orders filled, and save time, by addressing S. Swan & Co., at either of those cities.

A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the following papers:—*New Orleans Delta, Mobile Register, Charleston Standard, Nashville Gazette, Atlanta Intelligencer, New York Weekly Day Book, Savannah Morning News, Richmond Dispatch, New York Dispatch, and Paulding (Miss.) Clarion Augusta (Geo.) Constitutionalist.* [Jan.7-1y.

GREAT DISCOVERY OF THE AGE IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO CHEWERS.

DR. GUSTAV LINNARD'S TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES, *the great Substitute for Tobacco.*

It is a well known and incontrovertable fact that the use of Tobacco is the promoting cause of many of the most severe

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISORDERS

to which the race of man is subject, as careful analysis and long and painful experience have clearly proven that it contains certain norcotic and poisonous properties most dangerous in their effects, which by entering into the blood derange the functions and operations of the Heart, causing many to suppose that organ to be seriously diseased.

TOBACCO affects also the entire nervous system, manifesting itself—as all who have ever used the noxious weed will bear testimony—in Lassitude, Nervous Irritability, Water Brash, Dyspepsia, and many other disorders of a similar character.

THE TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES

Are designed to counteract these baneful influences, and have proved completely successful in a multitude of cases, and wherever used. Being harmless in themselves they exert a beneficial effect upon the entire system, restoring the Taste which has become vitiated or destroyed by great indulgence, completely removing the irritation and accompanying tickling sensation of the Throat—which are always consequent upon abstaining from the use of Tobacco, and by giving a healthy tone to the Stomach, invigorate the whole system.

Persons who are irretrievably undermining their constitutions and shortening their lives, should use these Troches immediately and throw off the injurious and unpleasant habit of Tobacco Chewing.

These Troches or Lozenges are put up in a convenient and portable form at the low price of 50 Cents per Box. A liberal discount to the Trade.

Prepared solely by the undersigned to whom all orders should be addressed.

JAMES E. BOWERS, Druggist,
March 18, 1y.] Cor. 2d and Race street, Phila.

THE CRISIS HAS ARRIVED, AND

everywhere Banks, Brokers and Business men are suspending or breaking up, under the overwhelming pressure. Credit is destroyed and Enterprise is paralyzed. But amid all the hubbub and confusion incident upon such a state of affairs, we beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Philadelphia with one of the largest, best selected and cheapest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Ever brought to town. Our stock consists, in part, of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Such as Silks, Shawls, Delaines, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Ribbons, &c. &c., in great variety.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirtings, Cottonades, Silk and Merino Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings, Ladies Gaiters, Slippers and Shoes, Gents Gaiters, Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Umbrellas, Tickings, and every variety of Dry Goods in common use.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have bought our assortment at such prices that we cannot be undersold by any establishment in the county.

Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

—Misses M & E. KAUFFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at their old stand opposite Sellers' Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the place. Dresses and all articles of ladies wear made to order on short notice and reasonable terms. [April 23, '57-1y.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
Jan. 3, '56-tf] KESSLER'S.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by
[1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HENRY LEHR'S STORE IS IN John Lehr's old stand, nearly opposite McCormick's store, in North Ward. [June 18, '57-1y.

NONE BUT THE BEST CONFECtionaries, Nuts and Fruits kept at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBTAIN ALL kinds of Flour and Feed by calling at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO call and test the merits of the articles kept by
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR.

LOTS FOR SALE.—12 BUILDING Lots situate in different localities, in this Borough for sale on reasonable terms, by [27-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by
Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

TO THE PUBLIC.—13,787 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

EL DORADO GIFT ASSOCIATION for the sale of $13,787 worth of Sewing Silk. Each purchaser of one dollar's worth of Sewing Silk will receive a numbered check, which will entitle the holder to one share and a voice in the distribution of the following list of Valuable Property, to be distributed by a Committee, chosen by the shareholders, in such a manner as they may deem advisable and agree upon among themselves.

LIST OF PROPERTY.

7 corner Lots on Washington street Altoona, 50 by 120 feet, valued at $184 each,	$1,288
17 lots on Washington st., 50x120 ft., $156 each,	2,652
8 cor. lots on Mulberry st., " " 156 "	1,248
19 lots on Mulberry st., " " 132 "	3,508
2 lots on High street, " " 63 "	126
1 cor. lot on German street, 50x175 ft., valued at	63
3 lots on German street, " " $42 each	126
1 lot on Howard street, 50x133 feet, valued at	132
1 cor. lot on Lexington st., " " "	150
2 lots on Chestnut street, " " $131 each,	262
1 Gold Lever Watch, valued at	100
1 Horse, " "	157
1 Two-Horse Wagon, " "	42
1 Silver Lepine Watch " "	16
12 Coat Patterns and Trimmings, $10 each,	120
50 Pants and Vest patterns, at $4,40 each,	220
75 Articles or Parcels of Merchandise, $3,00 each,	225
100 " " " 2,00 "	200
100 " " " 1,00 "	100
500 " " " 75 "	375
2,000 " " " 50 "	1,000
3,000 " " " 30 "	900
4,000 " " " 25 "	1,000
3,885 " " " 20 "	777
13,787 Gifts, valued at	$13,787

The Real Estate in this Enterprise is handsomely situated in the flourishing town of Altoona, (Head-quarters of the Pa. Central R. R. Co.) which in a few years has grown as if by magic, its present population being over 3,000.

The above property will be delivered to the persons entitled to receive it, immediately after the distribution.

An indisputable title to all the lots in the above bill will be given by R. H. McCORMICK.

The articles or parcels per bill, will consist of cloths, cassimeres, de laines, &c. &c.

My object is to dispose of the silk in the shortest possible time, and I desire everybody to purchase soon and become members of this *Magnificent Association.*

The silk will be sent to any part of the United States, with Certificate of Membership, (for each dollar's worth purchased,) on receipt of the cash.

Agents or clubs remitting $10 at one time, will receive in return $11 worth of silk and 11 certificates.

All orders must be addressed to JOSEPH MOIST.
June 10, 1856-tf.] *Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.*

All orders by mail, with postage stamp enclosed, promptly attended to.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED,

and in these "hard times," it is desirable to know where to go in order to save money in purchasing DRY GOODS, GROCERIES OR PROVISIONS.

By way of information,
LOWTHER & McDOWELL,
OF THE
Cheap Corner,
would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona, that they have just received their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which they will sell at prices to suit customers in this Financial Panic and that defy competition.

Our stock consists, in part, of Silks, French and Printed Merinos, Plain and Printed Cashmeres, Ombro Striped Engenes, Delains, Ducals, Coburgs, Gala and Woolen Plaids, Stella and Brocha Shawls, Chenile Shawls and Scarfs, Cloaks, Mantillas, Velvets, Velvet Ribbons, &c.

Zephyr Goods, consisting of Mantillas and Hoods for ladies, misses and children, Victorines, &c. Our stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

such as Linens, Sheetings, Pillow Linens, Table Linens, Napkins, Drilling Crashes, Tickings Flannels of all colors, Carpets, Matting, Stair Cloth, Oil Cloths, &c., is unusually large. Our stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &C.

for Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children, is not surpassed in variety or cheapness in the town. Our

STOCK OF GROCERIES

are the best that could be procued in the Eastern market.

We have also Flour, Potatoes, Meat and many other articles not herein enumerated.

Be sure and drop in and examine our stock, and we will make it an object to purchase. [Oct. 29 tf.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES.

R. FRANCE & Co., Managers.

CAUTION NOTICE.

Persons living at a distance should be extremely cautious of whom they order Lottery Tickets or Certificates of Packages of Tickets. The country is flooded with bogus and swindling Lotteries. Every inducement is held out to get persons to invest money in them. Capital Prizes of from $20,000 to $40,000 head their schemes—with tickets at One Dollar. $100,000 Capital Prizes are offered, tickets $5. All such, in every instance, are frauds; and if money is sent to them for tickets, it is so much thrown away, without the shadow of a chance of getting a prize. Beware of all Lotteries where the Capital Prize is unusually large in comparison to the price of tickets. In every instance where large prizes are offered for a small cost of tickets, put it down as a certain fraud.

The Kentucky State Lottery for the benefit of the Shelby College, under our management, is the only Lottery in the United States which is legally decided by the Maryland Drawings; all other Lotteries which purport to be decided by the Maryland Drawings, are frauds.

THE MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES.

Purchase in the Maryland State Lotteries, then you are sure of being right. And in ordering in the Maryland Lotteries, you are sure of fair and honest drawings.

One thing look to, and that is, if you order from any licensed vender in Baltimore, do not receive any but Managers' Tickets and Managers' Printed Certificates of Packages. The Managers' Certificates have the numbers printed, and have the lithographed signature of R. France & Co.

No one has a right to send his individual certificates, and if he does it, be sure there is a fraud at the bottom of it.

R. FRANCE & CO.,
Feb. 18-3m.] Managers of Maryland State Lotteries.

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!

—A prize to every purchaser.
500 DOLLARS WORTH OF GIFTS!!
consisting of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
FINE GOLD JEWELRY, &C.,
WILL BE DISTRIBUTED WITH EVERY 1000 BOOKS.

The attention of the public is respectfully solicited to the extensive assortment of valuable Standard and Miscellaneous Books, which are offered for sale at the lowest Retail Prices. A GIFT WORTH FROM 25 CENTS TO $100, will be given with every Book. A complete Catalogue, giving full information, with a list of Prizes, will be forwarded on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED.—Persons wishing to order at once, can order any Book published in Philadelphia, New York or Boston, and it will be furnished at the publisher's price with Gift. Any person ordering 10 Books will receive for commission an extra Book with Gift. For Postage send stamps, 18 cents, for $1.00 Books. Address

DUANE RULISON, Publisher,
No 33 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

AMBROTYPES.—THE PLACE TO

get Ambrotypes for yourself, your friends or relations, is in the fourth story of Patton's Building, where all persons can be accommodated on the shortest notice, with true and life-like likenesses. Ambrotypes taken on single and double glass. Melainotypes taken on Russian Melainotype plates. Also, Pictures taken in the new style transfer—Photographing—on Patent Leather, which are imperishable, and are intended principally for insertion in articles of jewelry, and transmitting by mail, as they do not require to be put in a case.

Pictures copied on reasonable terms.
Pictures are all warranted to please before taken away.
Pictures taken as low as fifty cents.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a liberal patronage from the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he intends to make this his permanent station. Come one, come all, and "Secure the shadow ere the substance fades." Don't forget the room is in Patton's Building, fourth story. The first story is occupied by Mr. Mann's store.

Feb. 18-3t] J. W. CLARAUGH.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED

respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Rees, at the west end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.—Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance.

Dec. 17, 1857.—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the lowest possible standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, in every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.

JOHN KEIFFER,
Dec. 17, tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

LIQUORS.—A LARGE AMOUNT of well selected LIQUORS has been received at the "LOGAN HOUSE," Hollidaysburg, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail. The man who wants has only to call. [Dec. 17, tf.

HAMS, SIDE, SHOULDER, DRIED Beef, &c., always on hand at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EGGS, BUTTER AND ALL KINDS of country produce can be had at
June 18, '57-1y HENRY LEHR'S.

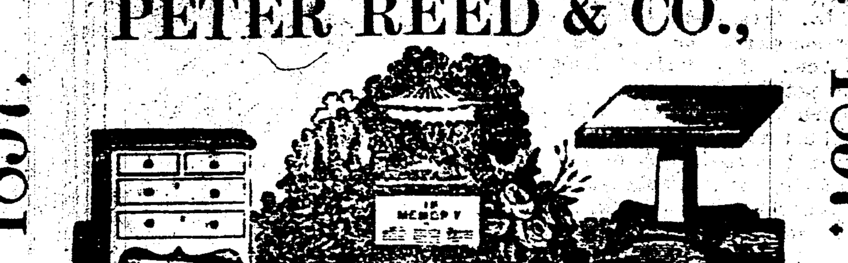
HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at
KESSLER'S.

RICH TOBACCO AND HIGHLY flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

WE STUDY TO PLEASE. ENCOURAGE HOME MECHANICS.

PETER REED & CO.,

1857. 1857.



CABINET & CHAIR MAKERS & UNDERTAKERS

ADELINE ST., EAST ALTOONA.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA and vicinity, that they have now on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of Cabinet Ware, such as Plain, Fancy and Dressing Bureaus, Toilet Stands, Bedsteads, Stands, Sofas, &c.

COFFINS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORTEST NOTICE

They will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of
PLAIN, FANCY AND KANE SEAT CHAIRS,
for Parlors, Chambers, Dining-Rooms and Bar-Rooms,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL ROCKING CHAIRS,
Settees, and everything in this line.



ALSO—A large and excellent assortment of

STRAW AND HUSK MATTRESSES,

from $3,50 and upwards. Orders from the country or a distance promptly attended to and all work warranted. We invite an inspection of our stock, feeling sure that we will be able to give entire satisfaction. [19-tf.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.

Monuments, Enclosures, & Head and Foot Stones.



Italian & White Rutland Marble. Tombs,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA & vicinity, that he has now on hand a beautiful assortment of the above articles, which he is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice and at moderate prices. Persons wanting Grave Stones will please forward their orders by mail or call in person at our Marble Works, on Montgomery street, near the Diamond, Hollidaysburg. None but the best workmen employed, and all work warranted to give general satisfaction. [August 6, 1857.] A. W. KENNEY.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

PITTSBURGH, PENNA. *Chartered* 1855.
Board of 12 Trustees.—Faculty of 14 Teachers.
EMPHATICALLY THE BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE.
Largest and most complete Commercial College in the United States.
In daily attendance upwards of 200 Students,

FACULTY.

F. W. JENKINS, PRINCIPAL.
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Accounts & Book-keeping.
I. I. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculations.
JOHN FLEMING, Author of the "National System of Book-keeping," Lecturer on Business, its Customs and Usages.
J. W. BENTLINGER, Professor of Arithmetic, Book-keeping and Phonography.
A. COWLEY and A. T. DOUTHETT, Professors of Plain and Ornamental Penmanship.
D. BACON, Lecturer on Political Economy.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Esq. of the Pittsburgh Bar, Lecturer on Commercial Law.
JAMES W. KENNEDY, of "Kennedy's Bank Note Review," Lecturer on Counterfeit, Altered and Spurious Bank Notes.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION.

To furnish the best means for acquiring a THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION, in the shortest time and at the least expense, comprising instruction in

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,
as applied to Merchandising, Banking, Railroading, &c.
STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING.
With all the recent improvements, taught without extra charge.

PENMANSHIP.
Rapid Writing, with every variety and style of Business and Ornamental Penmanship.

ARITHMETIC.
And a thorough course of Counting House Calculations.

COUNTERFEIT AND ALTERED NOTES.
Full instructions given in this important branch of business education.

LECTURES DAILY, ON BOOK-KEEPING.
Usages, Laws and Customs of Commerce, Finance and Banking, Political Economy, Counterfeit Notes, and other subjects having practical relation to active business.

TERMS, &c.

Book-keeping, Full Commercial Course,	$35,00
Stationary, about	5,00
Board per week, can be obtained for	2,50

Students are not charged extra for Steamboat Book-keeping, Arithmetic or Diploma.

STUDENTS
Can enter at any time—(no vacation) review at pleasure—time unlimited—usual length of course from eight to twelve weeks.

REFERENCE.
Four hundred and eighty-seven students entering from this City alone within one year besides the many from the country

DIRECTIONS.
Specimens of Writing and Circulars, containing full information, sent by mail free of charge.

Address F. W. JENKINS,
Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—No less than EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS were awarded this College in the fall of 1857, over all competitors, for best writing. These, with other previous Premiums, were given in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Virginia, Pennsylvania, and in Louisville, Ky. at the United States Fair, and all for work actually done with PEN and INK, and not for *Engraved* Penmanship. Our Penmen are fully competent to do their own work without the *aid* of the engraver to make it respectable. [aug.27-1y



STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

—The undersigned has for sale, at his Store in Masonic Temple, a large assortment of

GALLAHER'S SUNRISE AIRTIGHT

Cooking Stove, a new and splendid Large Oven, Flat Top Stove, for Coal or Wood patented 1856.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agt.*

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Sept. 11, '56-tf.

BOOTS AND SHOES—THE UNdersigned has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.
Jan. 2 '56-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3 '56-tf.] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property* of every description in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3, '56-tf.] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO.—The undersigned, Agent for Blair county, will take short and long risks on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property of every description, in town or country at as reasonable rates as any company in the State.—Risks also taken on the lives of horses. Office in Masonic Temple JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*
March 18, 1857-1y.

CONVEYANCING.—ALL KINDS of writing done at the shortest notice.—Deeds, Mortgages, &c., executed in the neatest manner by
JOHN SHOEMKER,
Jan. 3, 1857-tf.] Masonic Temple, Altoona.

CAST IRON RAILING AND ALL kinds of Castings executed to order, also Tin Spouting put up to order, at shortest notice, apply to
J. SHOEMAKER, *Agent for*
Jan. 3, 1856-tf. McLANAHAN, WATSON & Co.

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,
Dec. 11, 1856-tf] Masonic Temple.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2, '56.

Duff's College

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE

PITTSBURGH, PA.
ESTABLISHED IN 1840, encorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:
His excellency the HON. JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States
HON. JUDGE WILKINS, HON. CHARLES NAYLOR,
HON. JUDGE HAMPTON, GEN. J. K. MOORHEAD,
HON. JUDGE LOWRIE.

P. DUFF, (author of Duff's Book-keeping, President, with a superintendent and five assistant teachers of Book-keeping, and seven other teachers and lecturers.

J. S. DUNCAN, one of the best penmen in the country, (author of the gems of business and ornamental penmanship,) Professor of Penmanship.

Duff's system of Book-keeping is sanctioned by the American Institute and Chamber of Commerce of New York, and many of the leading business men of the East and West, as the most comprehensive and practical system of accounts now in use, and after from ten to fifteen years practical application of its principles to business, over four hundred students have attested its superiority. (circular 19.)

All the arrangements for teaching being perfected by near twenty years' experience of the principal, students graduate in about half the time required in other colleges, saving $15 or $20 in board.

Upwards of 4000 students have entered the institution since founded. To obtain full particulars of the collegiate training for business and the character of the institution, send for its pamphlet circular of 50 pages, with samples of Mr. Duncan's writing which are mailed free.

DUFF'S BOOK KEEPING, Harper's new enlarged edition, $1.50, postage 25c. DUFF'S STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING, $1.00, postage 9c. DUNCAN'S BUSINESS AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP, crown quarto, $5.00, mailed post-paid. This splendid work and Duff's Book-Keeping, have recently been awarded FIFTEEN FIRST PREMIUM SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS, attesting the fact of their being the best treaties upon these subjects now in use.

An elegantly bound copy of Duncan's Penmanship is presented to every student who hereafter graduates in the institution.

DUNCAN'S COPY BOOKS, complete in six numbers, 24 quarto pages each, on fine Demy paper, with the author's directions for teaching, the most thorough system for school instruction published, 12½c per number, with a liberal discount to the trade, mailed postage 17 cents on application to the publishers, W. G. JOHNSTON & Co., Pittsburgh.

Call and see Mr. Duncan perform with the pen.

ALTOONA SAVING FUND.—JESSE SMITH

would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the public generally that he has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Which he purchased at low prices for cash and will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at but a small advance on the original cost. His stock comprises HATS and CAPS of every description, size and shape. All who are in want of anything in his line will do well to give him a call as he feels confident he can suit the most fastidious, in quality and price.

He has now on hand a beautiful stock of LADIES FUR CAPES, CUFFS, &c. to which he invites the attention of the ladies and also gentlemen who wish to make their wives a handsome and useful present.

He is always ready and willing to exhibit his stock *free of charge,* so that none need fear to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember that his store is on Virginia street, directly opposite the Lutheran Church. [Oct. 15-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH

now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c. which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to B. Kerr's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.

September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!

—The subscriber would respectfully inform the consumers of COAL and WOOD in Altoona, that he is constantly receiving and will deliver at this time, Anthracite Coal at $5.00 per ton,

Irvin's	" 3,12½	"
Bituminous	" 8	per bushel,
Dry Hickory Wood,	3.50	" cord,
Oak	" 2,50	" "

All orders left at J. L. Ickes' store, or at Esquire Douty's Justice Office will be promptly filled.

Office at residence in Buttonburg's building, opposite Robert Green's, where all orders will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 14 '56-tf] JOHN ALLISON.

TIPTON STEAM SASH, FRAME, DOOR, SHUTTER & FLOORING MANUFACTORY,

Tipton, Blair Co., Pa., 10 miles East of Altoona.

The undersigned having provided a complete set of Machinery for the business, and being practical House Carpenters and Builders, are extensively engaged in Manufacturing by steam, any description of Carpenter Work, which we will furnish at low rates, and ship to any point on the Pa. Railroad. Plans of every description for buildings with specifications and bill of timber prepared. Orders from a distance respectfully solicited.

June 4, '57-1y] McCAULEY & CO.

Pennsylvania House, Patterson, Juniata County, Pa.,

REYNOLDS & CODER, *Proprietors,*

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS and the travelling public generally, that they have taken the above well-known house, where they will be happy to wait upon all who may favor them with a call. Its convenience to the depot renders it a desirable stopping place for those who wish to get on or off the cars, also for travelers wishing to get meals at *moderate charges*—25 cents.
may27-tf.]

QUEENSWARE, JUST RECEIVED. A large and fashionable assortment at the store of J. B HILEMAN.

RIO COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA AND all kind of Groceries for sale by
June 18, 1857-1y] HENRY LEHR.

LOVERING AND NEW ORLEANS Syrup Molasses, at fair prices, at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

CONSUMPTION AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT ARE POSITIVELY

Curable by Inhalation,

which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United State alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gass will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of amonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead. The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the effect that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert Street, (old No. 109) below Twelfth, Philadelphia. July 23, '57-1y.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—A NEW FIRM BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

M'LAIN & LEHR

Beg leave to inform their friends and the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have opened a

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

in the room formerly occupied by John Lehr, on Virginia street, next door to Patton's Hall, where they will be happy to serve all who may favor them with a call. Their stock is a large and select one, consisting of

Flour,	Feed,	Bacon,
Pork,	Sugar,	Coffee,
Tea,	Molasses,	Fish,
Salt,	Potatoes,	Fish Oil,
Fluid,	Camphene,	Alcohol,

Cigars and Tobacco.

As they purchase all their goods for the READY CASH, and sell for the same, persons desiring of purchasing anything in their line, will do well to give them a call, as they will sell at but a trifling advance on first cost. We ask no man to pay for anything but what he buys. Give us a trial and see if we won't make our words good. [Jan 7-tf

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

—The undersigned has just received from Philadelphia, North, Chase & North's celebrated Cooking Stoves for 1857.

THE ROYAL COOK

for Wood or Coal. This beautiful Cooking Stove challenges all competition for the exquisite style of ornament and perfect operation in all respects. The oven extends under the fire-box and the flues are so arranged that the whole oven surface will bake perfectly and uniformly. The slightest examination of this Stove must satisfy every one that it will become a universal favorite.

THE SEA SHELL,

for wood or coal. The fire-box is of good capacity—the ash-box is deep—the oven is capacious and is a thorough baker. This stove is one that may readily be recommended for family use, in every particular.

All kinds of heating and parlor stoves constantly on hand. JOSEPH H. BUSH.
April 16, '57-tf] *Opposite the American House, Altoona.*

COMPETITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE.

—Fully convinced of the truth of this saying, the subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he has entered the field, by opening a

MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in the room heretofore occupied by Michael Gallagher, immediately opposite the Superintendent's Office, where he will carry on the business as usual. He has just received an excellent assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

suitable for working and dress suits, which he will make to order, on short notice and at prices which can not fail to satisfy. He has also received the LATEST STYLES of

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS.

and feels confident that he can satisfy the most fastidious in this particular, and his clothing will be made as well as clothing can be made. In fine, he is determined that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

Altoona, Nov. 5-tf.] JOHN TALBOT.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST,

respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

TIN AND SHEET IRON-WARE EMPORIUM.

—The undersigned has constantly on hand a large assortment of

TIN AND SHEET IRONWARE
which he will sell cheap
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Spouting put up at short notice in town or country, and painted, at 12½ cents per foot.

The best quality of Cooking Stoves, of various patterns, constantly on hand.

All kinds of Job Work done with neatness and dispatch. Call and see. JOS. H. BUSH,
June 10, '57-tf] *Opposite American House, Altoona.*

Bell, Johnson, Jack & Co., BANKERS,

OFFICES AT
Hollidaysburg and Altoona.

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL CITIES, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest, at fair rates. [1-tf.

J. D. LEET,

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Altoona, October 1, 1857-1y

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ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT [1-tf] KESSLER'S.

Of all the ills the great first cause
Springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

SUFFER NOT; WHEN A CURE IS GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES OF SECRET DISEASE,

Self-Abuse, Nervous Debility, Strictures, Gleets, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ancles, Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Eyes, Ulcers upon the Body or Limbs Cancers Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vita's Dance, and all diseases arising from a derangement of the Sexual Organs, such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, General Weakness, Dimness of Vision with peculiar spots appearing before the Eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Eruptions on the face, Pains in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities, and

ALL IMPROPER DISCHARGES FROM BOTH SEXES.

It matters not from what cause the disease originated, however long standing or obstinate the case, recovery is *certain,* and in a shorter time than a permanent cure can be effected by any other treatment, even after the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians and resisted all their means of cure. The medicines are pleasant without odor, causing no sickness and free from mercury or balsam. During twenty years of practice, I have rescued from the jaws of Death many thousands, who in the last stages of the above mentioned diseases, had been given up to die by their physicians, which warrants me in promising to the afflicted, who may place themselves under my care, a perfect and most speedy cure. Secret diseases are the greatest enemies to health, as they are the first cause of Consumption, Scrofula and many other diseases, and should be a terror to the human family. As a permanent cure is scarcely ever effected, a majority of the cases falling into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the system with mercury, which, with the disease, hastens the sufferer into a rapid Consumption.

But should the disease and the treatment not cause death speedily, and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon the children, who are born with feeble constitutions, and the current of life corrupted by a virus which betrays itself in Scrofula, Tetter, Ulcers, Eruptions and other affections of the skin, Eyes, Throat, and Lungs, entailing upon them a brief existence of suffering, and consigning them to an early grave.

SELF-ABUSE is another formidable enemy to health, for nothing else in the dread catalogue of human diseases causes so destructive a drain upon the system, drawing its thousands of victims, through a few years of suffering down to an untimely grave. It destroys the Nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of life, causes mental derangement, prevents the proper development of the system, disqualifies for marriage, society, business, and all earthly happiness, and leaves the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, predisposed to consumption and a train of evils more to be dreaded than death itself. With the fullest confidence I assure the unfortunate victims of Self-Abuse that a permanent and speedy cure can be effected, and with the abandonment of ruinous practices my patients can be restored to robust, vigorous health.

The afflicted are cautioned against the use of Patent Medicines, for there are so many ingenious snares in the columns of the public prints to catch and rob the unwary sufferers that millions have their constitutions ruined by the vile compounds of quack doctors, or the equally poisonous nostrums vended as "Patent Medicines." I have carefully analyzed many of the so called Patent Medicines and find that nearly all of them contain Corrosive Sublimate, which is one of the strongest preparations of mercury and a deadly poison, which instead of curing the disease disables the system for life.

Three-fourths of the patent nostrums now in use are put up by unprincipled and ignorant persons, who do not understand even the alphabet of the *materia medica,* and are equally as destitute of any knowledge of the human system, having one object only in view, and that to make money regardless of consequences.

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HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

—To all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self Abuse, &c., &c.*

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual Diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give medical advice *gratis,* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, *to furnish medicine free of charge.* It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), *free of charge,* on the receipt of two postage stamps for postage.

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EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres't.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Sec'y.* [Dec. 3-1y.

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JUST PUBLISHED, THE THIRD EDITION. On Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Diseases. A scientific Treatise on the treatment and perfect cure of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Impotence, &c., resulting from vicious habits acquired during the critical passage from Youth to Manhood.

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Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, (1827.) Licentiate of the Hall (1824,) and 30 years Resident Practitioner in London; Author of the "Guide to Health." "Green Book," "How to be Happy," "Memoirs of Single and Married Life," &c.

This small, but highly valuable Treatise, written by a world renowned Physician and Surgeon, points out the only sure and permanent cure for all diseases resulting from self abuse, and is the only publication of its kind written in a benevolent spirit and by a scientific man. It should be in the hands of all who value their life and health and happiness here and hereafter.

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BEATTY'S ARABIAN HORSE OINTMENT is the only medicine in use that will effectually cure Ringbone, Spavin and Splint. It is not claimed for this Ointment, as it is for nearly all other medicines of the day, that it will cure all diseases which horse or man are heir to, but only to cure the above named diseases when used according to directions. Ringbone, Spavin and Splint are diseases of precisely similar character, consequently a medicine which will benefit or cure one is adapted to the other. This Ointment penetrates the horses skin, reaches and converts the callous into matter, and the diseased lump is then discharged in the form of puss or matter through the skin, without removing the hair, if put on according to directions. It has been said by those who have used the Ointment, that it will cure the Poll Evil and Farcy. It is certain, however, that it will cure or remove any callous lumps from a horse, wherever located. Try it, and if after using it a week, according to directions, you are not satisfied as to its efficacy, return the box to the agent and he will refund the money. Price $1,00 per box.

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A few words on the Rational treatment, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, General and Nervous Debility, Premature decay of the System, Impotency, and Impediments to Marriage generally, by

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The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed WITHOUT MEDICINE, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

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